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Creighton Univ.

Law

1917-18

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# Creighton University Bulletin

VOL. 9

MARCH

No. 1

ANNOUNCEMENT

OF THE

UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS LIBRARY  
COLLEGE OF LAW

1917-1918



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# Calendar

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## 1917

September 19-20—Wednesday and Thursday, Registration. Examinations to Remove Conditions.

September 21—Friday, Classes Commence.

November 29 to December 1—Thursday to Saturday, inclusive, Thanksgiving Recess.

December 22 to January 3, 1918—Saturday to Wednesday, inclusive, Christmas Recess.

## 1918

January 21-26—Monday to Saturday, inclusive, First Semester Examinations.

January 28—Monday, Second Semester begins, 8 A. M.

February 7—Thursday, Founders' Day, Holiday.

February 22—Friday, Washington's Birthday, Holiday.

March 29 to April 1—Friday to Monday, inclusive, Easter Recess.

May 20-29—Monday to Wednesday, inclusive, Second Semester Examinations.

May 30—Wednesday, Memorial Day, Holiday.

June 1—Saturday, Commencement.

## Faculty

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FRANCIS X. McMENAMY, S. J.,  
President of the University.

PAUL L. MARTIN,  
A. M. (Creighton); LL. B. (Harvard).  
Dean and Professor of Law.

---

ANSON H. BIGELOW,  
B. S. (Nebraska); LL. B. (Creighton).  
Professor of Law.

DONALD J. BURKE,  
LL. B. (Creighton).  
Professor of Law.

JAMES M. FITZGERALD,  
A. B. (Creighton); LL. B. (Michigan).  
Professor of Law.

WILLIAM C. FRASER,  
LL. B. (Creighton).  
Professor of Law.

HUGH F. GILLESPIE,  
A. M., LL. B. (Creighton).  
Professor of Law and Librarian.

EDWARD F. LEARY,  
A. M., LL. B. (Creighton).  
Professor of Law.

NEAL D. REARDON,  
A. B. (Illinois); A. M., LL. B. (Northwestern).  
Professor of Law.

JOHN A. RINE,

LL. B. (Michigan).

Professor of Law.

WILLIAM P. STERNBERG,

A. B., LL. B. (Creighton).

Professor of Law.

LOUIS J. TE POEL,

A. B. (Nebraska) ; A. M., LL. B. (Columbia).

Professor of Law.

JOSEPH W. WOODROUGH,

(U. S. District Judge).

Professor of Law.

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JOHN A. BENNEWITZ,

A. B. (Creighton) ; LL. B. (Georgetown).

Lecturer on Conveyancing.

FRANCIS CASSILLY, S. J.

Lecturer on Legal Ethics.

EDWARD W. SIMERAL,

Lecturer on Practice.

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MARY P. HINCHEY,

Secretary to the Dean.

CATHERINE M. GOODALL,

Assistant Librarian.

M. ISABELLE KEYSER,

Assistant in the Library.

BRIDGET M. McCORMICK,

Assistant in the Library.

## HISTORICAL SKETCH

The Creighton University, founded in 1878, takes its name from Edward Creighton, one of the pioneers of the West, who died intestate on November 5, 1874, leaving his wife Mary Lucretia Creighton, his sole heir. Though free to use her fortune as she pleased, she determined to carry out the oft-expressed intention of her late husband to found a free college for boys, and in her will, dated September 23, 1875, she bequeathed One Hundred Thousand Dollars for this purpose "as a memorial of my late husband." Mrs. Creighton died on January 23, 1876.

Count John A. Creighton, brother of Edward, was one of the executors of Mrs. Creighton's will. Loyally discharging his trust, he watched the new institution gradually take form and became, in time, its largest benefactor, leaving it, on his death (which occurred February 7, 1907) with a substantial endowment and a plant comprising eight large buildings specially constructed for educational purposes.

The University, which was the outgrowth of the College, now includes a Preparatory Course, as well as Colleges of Arts and Sciences, Law, Medicine, Dentistry and Pharmacy. Thanks to the Creighton generosity, tuition is free in the Preparatory Course and the College of Arts; the charges are moderate in the Professional schools. The University's enrollment, including the Summer Session, was 1,270 for the year 1916-1917; the alumni number about two thousand. Under the terms of the foundation the Preparatory Course and College of Arts are open only to men, but the professional schools are co-educational. While the control of the University is vested in the Jesuits—one of the teaching orders of the Catholic Church—no distinction is made as to creed or race in any of the departments.

The College of Law was opened in 1904 in temporary quarters provided by the College of Medicine, and removed the following year to its present building, The Edward Creighton Institute, which was erected by the University for educational purposes and is now the home of the Colleges of Law and Dentistry. The law school occupies about one-half of the building and has every facility for the proper conduct of its work, including electric elevator, gas and electric lights, hot and



cold water and toilet rooms on every floor, locker rooms, students' lobby, smoking and lounging rooms, commodious lecture halls, social rooms, offices for the faculty, assembly halls suitable for social gatherings, public functions, meetings of class organizations, etc. The lecture halls, of which there are three, are well lighted and ventilated, and every effort has been made to surround the students with conditions the most favorable for study.

### PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The object of the course offered is to fit the graduates for practice in any place where the common law prevails. While the historical development of the law is patiently traced, and due attention is paid to the cultivation of the so-called "legal-mind," the practical phase of the law is not forgotten, and no opportunity is lost to so prepare the students that they may, on graduation, engage successfully in the practice of their profession.

The teaching is in the hands of full-time men and practitioners, thus insuring a well-balanced course, and the ideal of the school—effective preparation for the bar—is measurably attained. Emphasis is put upon the importance of careful daily work, and by frequent quiz, required attendance and written examinations, thoroughness is constantly inculcated. As the classes are broken up into manageable sections, the maximum of personal contact between teachers and students is secured; questions are encouraged, difficulties are explained and a proper combination of knowledge and training is attempted. The policy of the school is not to graduate men whose memories are stocked with legal rules, but to so prepare its students that they will have some idea of the genius of the common law, a love and a capacity for study, and an ethical standard which will encourage adherence to the best traditions of the bar. Latent qualities of leadership are developed and every opportunity is afforded the earnest student to make the most of his talents, not only for his own personal gratification and profit, but particularly for the welfare of his fellows.

The school is located a half block from the Douglas County Court House, where seven divisions of the District Court and the County Court are constantly in session; four blocks from the Federal

Building where the United States District Court holds its sessions, eight blocks from the Police Court, and within from one to two blocks of the various Justice of the Peace and Municipal Courts. The students thus have every opportunity to observe the practical workings of the law as exhibited in the trial of cases, the probate of estates, etc., and, for those who find leisure, the many law offices of the city, most of them within two blocks of the school, afford still further opportunities for gaining a practical knowledge of the conduct of a law office.

Instruction is offered in both day and evening classes, the day course covering three years and the evening course four years. The professors, books, methods of instruction, entrance, attendance and graduation requirements are the same in both courses. The evening classes have been in operation since September 1, 1909, and experience proves their success. In effect they are merely evening sections of the regular classes and day standards are maintained.

### METHOD OF INSTRUCTION

The Case System is followed, though each teacher is free to adapt it in such a manner as will, in his judgment, prove most effective. There are no elective courses; each student must take the work prescribed, the theory of the school being that the faculty is better qualified than the students to determine which courses are essential, and that an elective system may result in graduation without even an elementary knowledge of topics which are indispensable to thorough preparation. Moreover the proper sequence of the various subjects is thus secured and the whole course unfolds gradually with the maximum of training and knowledge and the minimum of time and effort.

Thoroughness is not sacrificed and due emphasis is put upon the importance of careful analysis, but neither is proper breadth overlooked, and the students are trained, as far as possible, in the whole body of the fundamental law. Exhaustive investigation of reliable source material is encouraged and scant courtesy is paid to mere assumption; the law is presented as a plastic body of principles capable of infinite variety both in statement and application, not as a hard and fast code to be memorized as if it were incapable of further

development. As far as possible, the student is trained to rely upon his own industry and intelligence in discovering the law, and not to accept it upon the ipse dixit of the staff.

Mere method is not idealized and the law's content receives due emphasis to the end that the graduate may bring to his work as a practitioner not only a zeal for thoroughness and an intensely critical attitude toward arbitrary statement of the law, but also a working knowledge of the repositories of the law and of the practical methods by which legal wrongs are to be redressed. As far as may be the lawyer's attitude and the atmosphere of court and office are given prominent place in the interest of efficiency; customary preparatory school-room methods, ideals and viewpoints do not prevail.

### MOOT COURTS

A comprehensive system of Moot Courts is maintained and the various stages of litigation are illustrated. The class-room instruction in Pleading, Trial Practice, Evidence, Criminal Procedure, Justice Practice and Probate Procedure is supplemented by required work in the practice courts which are divided into four sections: one devoted to Justice and Probate work; one to jurisdiction in chambers, equity trials and preliminary matters; one to the conduct of jury cases, both civil and criminal; and the other to the hearing of cases on appeal.

Justice and Probate work is assigned to the Juniors as attorneys, the cases being tried on prepared statements of fact. District Court cases are tried by the Seniors, with the Juniors acting as witnesses and the Freshmen as jurors. In the Appellate Court the Seniors sit as Associate Justices with a member of the Faculty presiding as Chief Justice; each Associate must write an opinion in two cases. Senior cases are based on actual court records and are made to conform, as far as possible, to the reality. Pleadings are filed, process issued, motions and demurrers argued, witnesses examined, exhibits introduced, objections made, exceptions taken, instructions prepared, trial briefs written, and orders drawn for signature by the Judge of the Court. On appeal, each attorney is required to file

a carefully written brief which he must supplement by oral argument to the Court. Every session of the various courts is presided over by a member of the faculty and the entire course of practice must be satisfactorily completed by every candidate for a degree. Attendance at the jury trials is compulsory for every student in the school, and a written report must be presented by each student upon each case tried. As there are about fifteen such cases per year, the graduate will have attended from forty to forty-five cases during his course and will thus have familiarized himself with the proper method of conducting jury trials. Interest is keen in the litigation and an atmosphere of serious attention pervades the work.

The school has two court rooms, each furnished with all the necessary equipment for the proper handling of litigated questions. Court Room No. 1 has a seating capacity of two hundred, and is provided with a large cherry bench, the original cost of which was \$6,700; Court Room No. 2, which is used for equity proceedings, and the hearing of preliminary matters as well as for justice, probate and appellate work, is furnished with thirty-six swivel arm chairs and a smaller cherry bench. These court rooms owe their elaborate furnishings to a favorable contract made a few years ago with the County Commissioners of Douglas County from whom the furniture, fixtures and fittings of the seven court rooms in the old Douglas County Court House were secured.

### **PUBLIC SPEAKING, PARLIAMENTARY LAW AND CONTEMPORARY LEGISLATION**

The course on Parliamentary Law, which is of obligation for all Freshmen, is intended to prepare the students for the work of the Model House, a miniature legislative assembly, which is organized along the lines of the National House of Representatives and the Lower House of the State Legislature.

At the close of the school-year a Speaker, Chief Clerk and Journal Clerk are elected by the students from among their number for the following year. These officers, in conjunction with the various committees appointed by the speaker, are responsible for the work



of the house. The course on Parliamentary Law is given by a member of the faculty who is also present at every meeting of the House to give his advice when appealed to.

Every student in the school must attend and participate in the work of the house. At the opening session, the Speaker announces the districts which the members are to represent and the committees to which the various bills introduced are referred. The Speaker presides at each session but turns the chair over to members of the Senior Class during the deliberations of the Committee of the whole.

Each member of the upper classes is required to draft and introduce two bills at each session. The bills presented by the Seniors for discussion during the first half of the session must be prepared during the summer vacation for committee action shortly after school opens. As only subjects of importance in the field of contemporary legislation are considered, the Seniors in charge of the various bills obtain a great deal of experience at Committee meetings in the attempt to have bills moulded as they desire. This necessitates a careful study of the existing law and of the defects to be remedied and affords no end of valuable training in marshalling one's facts, and clearly presenting them in the attempt to persuade the committee to take the desired action.

All bills must pass through the hands of the Sifting Committee which selects those likely to prove most valuable for discussion. Once the selection is made, the designated bills are made special order for a particular day and three members of the House are appointed to support and three to oppose the measure. When their debate has closed, the bills are thrown open for general discussion and for such action as the members think fit.

The House as organized and conducted serves several very useful purposes: it gives opportunity for practicing parliamentary law; imparts a fair knowledge of contemporary problems in legislation; gives effective drill in committee work; teaches those who are to enforce the law the method by which laws are made; and provides incentive and opportunity for improving oneself in the art of public speaking.



### LIBRARY FACILITIES

The law library owned by the school comprises over ten thousand volumes and includes the following collections: Official reports of all the states to the Reporter System; continuations of ten principal state reports to date; Reporter System Complete; Lawyers' Reports Annotated, both series; American Reports; American Decisions; American State Reports; English Ruling Cases; British Ruling Cases; English Reports Annotated; American & English Annotated Cases; Federal Reporter; Federal Cases; Supreme Court Reporter; Supreme Court Reports; Rose's Notes; complete English Reprint with continuations; Canada Supreme Court Reports; Dominion Law Reports; Irish Reports; Scott's Revised Reports; Halsbury's Laws of England; Chitty's English Statutes; Law Reports Statutes; Mew's English Digest; Century Digest, Decennial Digest, Annual Continuations; Corpus Juris; Ruling Case Law; American and English Encyclopaedia of Law, first and second editions; Cyclopaedia of Law and Procedure; Encyclopaedia of Pleading and Practice; Encyclopaedia of Evidence; Encyclopaedia of Forms; United States Statutes at Large; United States Compiled Statutes; Federal Statutes Annotated; a considerable amount of statutory and periodical literature as well as a large collection of text books.

Students have direct access to most of the books,—the others they may secure on ticket for use either in the library rooms or at home. About five thousand dollars a year is spent in the purchase of new books for the library. The importance of a working knowledge of law books is emphasized by the course on Legal Bibliography which is of obligation for every student. The purpose is to familiarize the class with the most thorough and quickest methods of securing the law upon a given point and to this end the lectures are supplemented by careful drill in the library. The preparation of trial briefs and of briefs on appeal in the Moot Courts affords additional opportunity for becoming acquainted with the books and experience shows that the facility thus gained is of very great practical value to the graduates.

In addition to this law library, the students may enjoy the use of the Omaha Public Library (two blocks distant from the school) containing more than one hundred thousand volumes.

## ARRANGEMENT OF HOURS

The day course embraces three years of thirty-seven weeks each; the evening course four years of thirty-seven weeks each. The day lectures are given from Monday to Friday inclusive, beginning at eight o'clock in the morning and ending at ten, eleven, or twelve o'clock according to the schedule for the particular day; the evening lectures are given from Monday to Friday inclusive, beginning at 6:20 o'clock and ending at eight or eight-thirty o'clock, according to the schedule for the particular evening.

The sessions of Division No. 1 of the Moot Court are held at eight o'clock on Friday evening from October to March, and attendance is required on the part of all students; the sessions of Division No. 2 are held at nine o'clock on Monday and Friday mornings from October to March, and attendance is required on the part of all second and third-year men.

The Model House, attendance at which is compulsory for all students, meets on Wednesday evening at eight o'clock from October to March. Committee meetings are subject to call of the Chairman.

## CURRICULUM

The division of the day classes is as follows:

### FRESHMAN

#### First Semester

##### CONTRACTS—

Three hours. Williston's Cases, Volume I. . . . .*Mr. Martin*

##### DOMESTIC RELATIONS AND THE LAW OF PERSONS—

Two hours. Woodruff's Cases, 2nd edition. . . . .*Mr. Burke*

##### INTRODUCTION TO THE STUDY OF LAW—

Two hours. Lectures, assigned readings and  
selected cases. . . . .*Mr. Gillespie*

##### PROPERTY—

Two hours. Warren's Cases. . . . .*Mr. Sternberg*

## TORTS—

Two hours. Wigmore's Cases, Volume I. . . . .*Mr. Reardon*

### Second Semester

## COMMON LAW PLEADING—

Three hours. Sunderland's Cases. . . . .*Mr. Reardon*

## CONTRACTS—

Three hours. Williston's Cases, Volume II. . . . .*Mr. Martin*

## CRIMINAL LAW AND PROCEDURE—

Two hours. Derby's Cases, Nebraska Criminal  
Code . . . . .*Mr. Fitzgerald*

## LEGAL BIBLIOGRAPHY—

One hour. Lectures and problems, with library  
drill . . . . .*Mr. Reardon*

## LEGAL ETHICS—

Seven lectures. American Bar Association Canons  
of Ethics . . . . .*Prof. Cassilly*

## PROPERTY—

Two hours. Warren's Cases. . . . .*Mr. Sternberg*

## QUASI CONTRACTS—

One hour. Woodward's Text. . . . .*Mr. Burke*

## TORTS—

Two hours. Wigmore's Cases, Volume II. . . . .*Mr. Reardon*

## JUNIOR

### First Semester

## AGENCY—

Two hours. Reinhard's Cases. . . . .*Mr. Gillespie*

## CODE PLEADING—

Three hours. Sunderland's Cases. . . . .*Mr. Reardon*

## DAMAGES—

Two hours. Mechem & Gilbert's Cases . . . . . *Mr. Fraser*

## EQUITY JURISDICTION—

Two hours. Ames' Cases, Vols. I. and II. . . . . *Mr. Te Poel*

## EVIDENCE—

Two hours. Wigmore's Cases, 2nd edition . . . . . *Mr. Martin*

## JUSTICE PRACTICE—

One hour. Lectures based on Nebraska Statutes  
and Selected Cases . . . . . *Mr. Fraser*

## REAL PROPERTY—

Two hours. Gray's Cases 2nd edition, Volume  
III. . . . . *Mr. Bigelow*

**Second Semester**

## EQUITY JURISDICTION—

Two hours. Ames' Cases, Vols. I. and II. . . . . *Mr. Te Poel*

## EVIDENCE—

Two hours. Wigmore's Cases, 2nd edition . . . . . *Mr. Martin*

## MORTGAGES—

Two hours. Durfee's Cases . . . . . *Mr. Bigelow*

## PARTNERSHIP—

Two hours. Gilmore's Cases . . . . . *Mr. Burke*

## PROBATE PROCEDURE—

One hour. Lectures based on Nebraska Statutes  
and Selected Cases . . . . . *Mr. Fraser*

## SALES—

Two hours. Burdick's Cases, 2nd edition . . . . . *Mr. Gillespie*

## TRIAL PRACTICE—

Two hours. Sunderland's Cases . . . . . *Mr. Fraser*

## WILLS AND ADMINISTRATION—

Three hours. Warren's Cases . . . . . *Mr. Reardon*

**SENIOR****First Semester****BAILMENTS, CARRIERS AND PUBLIC CALLINGS—**Two hours. Willis' Cases.....*Mr. Fitzgerald***BILLS AND NOTES—**Two hours. Bunker's Cases.....*Mr. Reardon***CONFLICT OF LAWS—**Three hours. Beale's Cases (Shorter Selection) . . . .*Mr. Martin***CONSTITUTIONAL LAW—**Two hours. McClain's Cases, 2nd edition.....*Mr. Te Poel***PRIVATE CORPORATIONS—**Three hours. Wilgus' Cases, Vol. I. ....*Mr. Te Poel***TRUSTS—**Two hours. Ames' Cases 2nd Edition.....*Mr. Te Poel***Second Semester****BANKRUPTCY—**Two hours. Holbrook & Aigler's Cases.....*Mr. Leary***CONSTITUTIONAL LAW—**Two hours. McClain's Cases, 2nd edition.....*Mr. Te Poel***CONVEYANCING AND EXAMINATION OF ABSTRACTS—**Ten lectures supplemented by practical exercises..*Mr. Bennewitz***INSURANCE—**Two hours. Vance's Cases.....*Judge Woodrough***MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS—**Two hours. Beale's Cases.....*Mr. Rine***PRIVATE CORPORATIONS—**Three hours. Wilgus' Cases, Vol II. ....*Mr. Te Poel***SURETYSHIP—**Two hours. Ames' Cases .....*Mr. Bigelow***TRUSTS—**Two hours. Ames' Cases 2nd edition.....*Mr. Te Poel*



The division of the evening classes is as follows:

### **Freshman**

Contracts	Legal Ethics
Property I.	Quasi Contracts
Torts	Legal Bibliography
Persons	Introduction to the Study of Law
Criminal Law and Procedure	

### **Sophomore**

Equity	Common Law Pleading
Agency	Damages
Property II.	Conveyancing and the Examination of Abstracts
Wills and Administration	
Constitutional Law	

### **Junior**

Sales	Code Pleading
Evidence	Trial Practice
Partnership	Bailments, Carriers and Public Callings
Trusts	
Mortgages	

### **Senior**

Bills and Notes	Bankruptcy
Insurance	Private Corporations
Conflicts	Municipal Corporations
Suretyship	Justice Practice
Probate Procedure	

During the year 1917-1918 instruction will be offered at night in the Freshman and Senior subjects only.

## ADMISSION TO THE COLLEGE OF LAW

No student will be admitted to the law classes unless he is at least eighteen years old.

Graduates of recognized colleges requiring at least thirty high school credits for admission, will be received as candidates for the degree, as will also students who have satisfactorily completed one year's work in such a college in addition to four years of high school instruction.

Graduates of four-year High School courses will also be registered as candidates for the degree, provided the applicants are at least twenty-five years old at time of matriculation in the law school.

Graduates of four-year High School courses who are not twenty-one years old at date of matriculation in the law school will be required to take the pre-legal course before being registered as candidates for degrees.

Applicants at least twenty-one and who are not comprised in the above classes will be received as Special Students at the discretion of the faculty. No Special Student may become an applicant for a degree.

The four-year High School course above referred to must include thirty credits, one credit being given for work in a High School subject of five recitations a week, of not less than forty minutes each, during a period of at least eighteen weeks. Conditional registration will be permitted upon twenty-eight credits in lieu of the required thirty, the additional two credits to be made up before registration as a member of the next higher class.

In no event will an applicant be registered as a candidate for the degree until there has been filed in the office of the dean a proper certificate showing in detail the preliminary training of the student. Blank forms for this purpose are provided for the use of preparatory schools. Persons intending to register in the College of Law for the first time should make early application, on a blank which may be secured from the office. It is important that the application be filed as early as possible in order that proper credentials may be obtained from the preparatory schools before the student presents himself for matriculation.

Intending applicants are urged to take as much History, English, Political Economy and foreign language as possible in preparation for the law course.

### **REGISTRATION**

No new student may register for first semester credit after October 13th or for second semester credit after February 14th.

No former student may register more than ten days after the re-opening of classes in either semester.

### **ADVANCED STANDING**

Students presenting proper credentials from law schools belonging to the Association of American Law Schools will be received as members of that class for which their previous training fits them, providing their preliminary education satisfies the demands of the school as outlined under the preceding section entitled "Admission." Students presenting proper credentials from law schools not members of the Association of American Law Schools will be admitted, upon examination, to that class for which their record shows them to be fitted. No credit will be given for office or correspondence study. In no event will advanced credit be given for more than two-thirds of the course required from students who have done all of their work in this school. No degree will be conferred upon any student who has not spent an entire school-year in the College of Law.

### **PRE-LEGAL STUDENTS**

High School graduates who present satisfactory evidence of having earned thirty high school credits may register in the Freshman class of the College of Arts. No pre-legal student may take any instruction in law for credit. No tuition is charged in the College of Arts, but each student must provide his own books and pay an annual fee of twelve dollars, covering the use of the gymnasium, admission to the University athletic events, and the Glee Club concerts, as well as a year's subscription to the Creighton Chronicle and the Creighton Courier.

## COMBINED SIX-YEAR COURSE

Students who are able to satisfy the entrance requirements of the College of Arts may enroll for both the Bachelor of Arts and Bachelor of Laws degrees. During their first two years in the University, only work of college grade may be carried, but during both the Junior and Senior years, one-half of the Freshman law course may be taken, the degree Bachelor of Arts being conferred at the end of the fourth year of successful work. During the last two years of the Six-Year Course, the students confine themselves to law studies, on satisfactory completion of which the degree Bachelor of Laws will be conferred.

## ATTENDANCE

Attendance at ninety per cent of the work of each subject is required, but an additional ten per cent of absence will be excused for good cause upon proper showing. Students failing of the required attendance will be conditioned; the condition can be removed only by attaining a satisfactory grade in the next regular examination after the condition is imposed. The right to remove such condition in this manner rests within the discretion of the faculty. No student will be permitted to register as a regular member of the next higher class if he has more than two conditions against him, one condition being imposed for each failure to attain a passing grade in any subject, or to attend the required per cent of the work given.

The faculty reserves the right to sever any student's connection with the school whenever, in their judgment, such action is advisable. No tuition will be refunded on the departure of any student from the school, whatever the cause of his departure may be. However, students who leave because of illness will be credited with the unused portion of their tuition, which will be available on their return.

## EXAMINATIONS

Written examinations are held at the end of each semester; students attaining a satisfactory grade will not be required to pass any other examination in the same subject matter, unless to remove a time condition. Students failing to attain a passing grade will be condi-

tioned, the condition being removable by satisfactory re-examination; if the grade for a course be below sixty per cent, the student must repeat the subject in class. No student will be permitted to graduate until he has removed all conditions, or to advance to the work of the second or third year as a regular student, if there be two or more conditions against him, whether for failure in examination or lack of required attendance.

Examinations to remove conditions will be given at the opening of the school-year; no special examinations will be held.

### **DEGREE**

The degree Bachelor of Laws (LL. B.) is conferred upon:

1st. Students who, having satisfied the entrance requirements, have completed the full course of instruction in the College of Law;

2nd. Those who, having been regularly admitted to advanced standing, have satisfactorily completed that part of the course for which they were not given credit on entrance.

### **TUITION AND FEES**

The annual charge for instruction, including the use of a set of books, is One Hundred and Forty-five Dollars in the Day Classes and One Hundred and Twenty Dollars in the Night Classes, payable as follows: First semester Day, Eighty-five Dollars; Night, Sixty Dollars; second semester, Day or Night, Sixty Dollars. Each student also receives without additional expense, a ticket giving him the use of the gymnasium, admission to the various University athletic and musical events, as well as a year's subscription to the University magazine and paper.

All bills are due and payable within ten days after the beginning of the particular semester. Students who wish to pay in installments may do so upon condition that all payments are made before the commencement of the semester examinations. Deferred payments will be subject to an additional charge of Five Dollars per semester. A special charge of Three Dollars will be made for late registration.



### **LIVING EXPENSES**

Board and lodging may be had for \$20.00 and upward per month, depending on the tastes of the individual. Suitable rooming places may be found within a ten minutes' walk of the school; meals may be obtained either by the week at nearby boarding houses, for about Four Dollars per week, or in the many restaurants and cafes of the city at prices varying with the patron's choice. Furnished rooms may be had at from Seven Dollars per month upward for one occupant, or Ten Dollars per month upward for two persons.

The cost of clothing, laundry, incidentals, board and room, need not be more than Three Hundred Dollars per year, but of course, will depend upon the habits of the individual.

### **SELF SUPPORT**

Omaha affords such opportunities for student employment as are to be found in cities of its size, with this advantage that the student population bears a smaller proportion to the total number of inhabitants than in many college towns. The school is located near the heart of the city's retail mercantile and office-building section, where hundreds of people are employed at positions suitable for students. Alert, deserving, experienced men have, as a rule, little difficulty in finding a desirable place, at least after they have been on the ground for a few weeks. Intending students are cautioned, however, not to come empty-handed; the school does not guarantee positions, though it will be glad to help as much as possible. To this end, a Bureau of Information has been established for the free use of self-supporting students.

### **SCHOLARSHIP, PRIZES AND HONORS**

To the students of the Freshman and Junior day classes, and of the Freshman, Sophomore and Junior evening classes, who attain the highest general average for the work of their respective group, provided such average is at least ninety per cent, and the student has attended at least ninety per cent of the work of his class, a free scholarship good for one year's tuition will be given. The names of the successful students will be announced within the first ten days of the school-year succeeding that in which the scholarships were merited.

In 1916-1917 the Day Junior scholarship was awarded to Leo J. Hanley and the Evening Sophomore scholarship to Harvie A. Garver.

Through the kindness of Callaghan & Company of Chicago, a book prize, consisting of the Cyclopaedic Law Dictionary is offered to that day junior who attains the highest general average for his class, provided he also satisfies the attendance requirement. On the same terms through the kindness of The American Law Book Company, there is offered to the leader of the graduating class, a prize consisting of a complete forty-volume set of the Cyclopaedia of Law and Procedure, with its annual annotations to date. Last year this prize was awarded to Mr. Edward J. Svoboda.

The degree Cum Laude is conferred upon such members of the Senior class as attain a general average of ninety per cent or more, provided they have also satisfied the attendance requirement. In 1916 the Cum Laude degree was conferred upon Edward J. Svoboda, Vere A. Morgan, Edward F. Dougherty, Carl C. Cowles, Francis A. Silver, Daniel J. Gross, Edward P. McDonald.

## **STUDENT ORGANIZATIONS AND ATHLETIC**

### **PRIVILEGES**

The University Glee Club, Orchestra and Band are open to law students who desire to develop their musical talents. The Band appears at all of the foot-ball games and the Orchestra and Glee Club give one or more formal as well as several informal concerts during the year.

Both the Delta Theta Phi and Gamma Eta Gamma Legal Fraternities have local chapters in the school. The 'Varsity Mixers' Club which has charge of all University dances and the 'Varsity Boosters' Club, which takes a prominent part in foot-ball demonstrations, are open to law students.

The new gymnasium recently completed on the Arts campus offers exceptional opportunities for healthful exercise and recreation as well as for participation in athletic events. The building and equipment cost about One Hundred and Forty Thousand Dollars. A physical director has charge of the gymnasium and will cheerfully co-operate with

the students in enabling them to secure the utmost of advantage from this latest addition to the university facilities. Hand-ball, squash, bowling, wrestling, boxing, running, jumping, billiards, swimming and aquatic contests, basket ball, and the various other pastimes appropriate to a university gymnasium are amply provided for. Each student may receive a physical examination and expert advice as to the kind of exercise he needs, and, if adapted for the 'varsity sports, will be given a chance to compete for a place.

### ADMISSION TO THE BAR

The Nebraska legislature of 1907 passed a bill permitting law schools approved by the Supreme Court to present their graduates for admission on motion without examination, provided that no school should be accorded this privilege which was not a member of the Association of American Law Schools. The following copy of a decree of the Nebraska Supreme Court, under date of December 3, 1907, is self-explanatory:

#### SUPREME COURT OF NEBRASKA,

September term, 1907.

Dec. 3.

In the Matter of the Creighton College of Law:

Now, on this third day of December, 1907, this matter having come on to be heard on the application of The Creighton University, and the showing filed in support thereof, the Court finds:

*First*—That Creighton College of Law is a department of The Creighton University.

*Second*—That said Creighton College of Law is a college of law in this state, having entrance requirements and a course of study equal and equivalent to those of the law school of the University of Nebraska.

*Third*—The said Creighton College of Law is a member of the Association of American Law Schools.

It is therefore considered and ordered by the Court that Creighton College of Law be, and the same hereby is designated as a college of law whose graduates shall be admitted to the bar without examination.

(Signed) S. H. SEDGWICK,

Chief Justice.

For further information concerning the College of Law, address  
The Dean, 210 South 18th Street, Omaha, Nebraska.

For information concerning the other Colleges of the University,  
address

The Dean, Creighton College of Arts, 25th and California  
Streets.

The Dean, Creighton College of Dentistry, 210 South 18th  
Street.

The Dean, Creighton College of Medicine, 14th and Davenport  
Streets.

The Dean, Creighton College of Pharmacy, 14th and Davenport  
Streets.

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### REGISTER OF STUDENTS FOR THE YEAR 1916-1917. FRESHMAN

Amende, Carl William .....	Syracuse
Andersen, Otto Malmark .....	Omaha
Anderson, John Vernon .....	Dawson, Iowa
Appleton, Frank Saville .....	Omaha
Barstow, Richard Lee .....	Council Bluffs, Iowa
Bercovici, Moses Abraham .....	Omaha
Bohan, Paul Michael .....	Omaha
Bremers, Henry John, Jr., (B. S., Armour Institute) .....	Omaha
Bruce, William Livingstone .....	Broken Bow
Brumleve, Aurelius .....	Red Bud, Illinois
Burford, Russell .....	Omaha
Cameron, Max Leo .....	Herman
Chleborad, Charles .....	Omaha
Cox, Raymond McKinley .....	Omaha
Crawford, William Kent .....	Broken Bow
Crimmins, David .....	Waseca, Minnesota
Croft, Ewing August .....	Omaha
Dahlberg, Fred John .....	Telluride, Colorado
Deeny, John Emmett .....	Perry, Iowa
Delitala, Claudio .....	Sassari, Italy
Dillon, Edward Michael .....	Perry, Iowa
Dineen, Francis Michael .....	Omaha
Dolezal, William Alphonse .....	Valparaiso
English, Benedict Michael (Ph. B. Creighton) .....	Monona, Iowa
English, James Thomas, (A. B. Creighton) .....	Omaha
Evans, Emerson Burwell .....	Omaha
Farley, Earl Sylvester .....	Milbank, South Dakota
Flanagan, Martin .....	Omaha
Fleming, Harold Daniel .....	Sutherland
Graham, Norman Edgar .....	Broken Bow



Hale, John .....	David City
Harrington, George McInery (A. B., University of Nebraska)...	O'Neill
Harrington, Lawrence Dwyer .....	Omaha
Heim, Laurence Joseph .....	Marinette, Wisconsin
Hill, Roscoe Arthur .....	Belvidere
Jessop, Jeannette .....	Omaha
Kidd, Russell Manford .....	Ong
Kinney, Eugene Lee .....	Shelby
Klaseus, John Russell .....	Kasota, Minnesota
Korb, Charles Richard .....	West Point
LaViolette, Gerald Edward (A. B., Creighton).....	North Bend
Lutes, Carl .....	Omaha
Lynch, Delia Adeline (M. D., Creighton) .....	Omaha
McMahon, William Earl .....	Omaha
McManus, James Edward .....	Marshalltown, Iowa
McCaffery, Edward Hugh (A. B., Creighton).....	Omaha
McCarthy, Walter Aaron .....	Hastings
Martin, Mark Tracy .....	Omaha
Micek, Joseph Francis .....	Columbus
Mitchell, William Erskine (A. B., University of Nebraska)....	Council Bluffs, Iowa
Murphy, Harold Reginald.....	Reynolds, South Dakota
Naughton, Denis Francis .....	Butte, Montana
Norman, Ralph Waldo .....	Ord
O'Brien, Dennis Emmett .....	Omaha
O'Brien, Frank John .....	Boston, Massachusetts
O'Donnell, Michael Francis (A. B., Creighton).....	O'Neill
Payne, Charles James .....	Omaha
Polski, Ignatius .....	Ashton
Powers, Joseph Francis .....	Renville, Minnesota
Reed, Alex Francis .....	Omaha
Reith, G. Raymond.....	Omaha
Rezac, Anton Alois .....	Brainard
Riley, George Andrew .....	Omaha
Russell, Charles Henry .....	Decatur, Illinois
Saxe, Joseph Chain .....	Omaha
Schaefer, Heinrich Gottlieb (A. M., University of Iowa)....	Stuttgart, Germany
Shaker, Gilbert Michael.....	Eau Claire, Wisconsin
Sleuman, Edward Walter .....	Hastings
Spittler, Victor Ernest .....	Ewing
Stecher, Irene .....	Omaha
Stecker, Mildred Emmeline .....	Omaha
Stevens, Paul Thomas .....	Elma, Iowa
Tancock, Montagu Arthur .....	Omaha
Whalen, Louis Samuel .....	Cavour, South Dakota
Zabriskie, Edgar Balch (B. E. E., University of Michigan)....	Omaha
<b>SOPHOMORE</b>	
Burke, Ralph Wingard .....	Omaha
Clennon, Eugene Martin (A. B., Campion College)...	West Bend, Iowa
Connolly, James Joseph (A. B., Creighton) .....	Omaha
Cranny, Jesse Daniel .....	Vail, Iowa
Craren, Robert John .....	Omaha



Denney, Arthur James .....	Fairbury
Haun, Henry Joseph (A. B., Creighton).....	Omaha
Holbrook, Martin .....	Omaha
Kowaleski, Louis Anthony .....	Omaha
Moore, John Patrick (A. B., Creighton).....	Omaha
Miller, Mark A. ....	Omaha
Moore, John Paul (A. B., Creighton).....	Omaha
O'Connor, Frank .....	Omaha
Polian, Harold .....	Omaha
Scattergood, Oswald Arthur .....	Ainsworth
Short, Walter Winston .....	Council Bluffs, Iowa
Spence, Arthur Warren .....	Deloit, Iowa
Walsh, Clarence Edward .....	Omaha

### JUNIOR

Anderson, Arvid William .....	Omaha
Barrett, Edwin .....	Riverton, Wyoming
Bisenius, Ambrose Leo .....	Cascade, Iowa
Cleary, George James .....	Kearney
Collins, Harvey Alvin (B. S., Fremont).....	Papillion
Cowell, Mona Helene (A. B., Vassar).....	Omaha
Delehoy, Frank Marion .....	Blue Hill
Dickason, Bertrand Lee .....	Council Bluffs, Iowa
Dolan, Edmund John .....	Farley, Iowa
Dudley, Matwin Fulton .....	Hot Springs, South Dakota
Festner, Francis Julius (A. B., Creighton).....	Omaha
Foley, John Hubert .....	Kansas City, Kansas
Foley, Thomas Dustin .....	Omaha
Garver, Harvie Adair .....	Blunt, South Dakota
Griffin, James Alphonsus .....	Sioux City, Iowa
Griffin, Thomas Joseph .....	Sioux City, Iowa
Gumb, John George .....	Fremont
Hasselquist, Roy B. ....	West Point
Hunt, Lowell Doane .....	Omaha
Ibson, John Lars .....	Central City
Jungclauss, William Nicholas .....	Grand Island
Kruger, Bart Joseph .....	Omaha
Lantzsch, Oscar Michael .....	Omaha
Lafferty, Charles Emerson .....	Council Bluffs, Iowa
Lynch, Fred Aloysius .....	Academy, South Dakota
McDermott, Edward Kerr (A. B., Creighton).....	Council Bluffs, Iowa
McDermott, James Francis (A. B., Creighton).....	Council Bluffs, Iowa
McDermott, John Raymond (A. B., Creighton).....	Council Bluffs, Iowa
Macaulay, James Henry (A. B., Creighton).....	Clearwater
Mahoney, Thomas Edmund .....	Council Bluffs, Iowa
Molinare, William Bernard .....	Omaha
Murphy, Emmett Louis .....	Colon
Murray, Peter Paul .....	Omaha
Padrnos, George Jacob .....	Redfield, South Dakota
Patton, William Wynn .....	Marshalltown, Iowa
Plunkett, Edward James (A. B., Creighton).....	Omaha
Powell, Thomas Watkins .....	Bloomfield

Rees, Isadore (B. S. in C. E., University of Pennsylvania)...	Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
Robinson, Donald Joseph .....	Walnut, Iowa
Schultz, John Ignatius .....	Duluth, Minnesota
Shamp, Gladys Juanita .....	Omaha
Shillington, Waldo Everett .....	Omaha
Stehly, Nicholas John (A. B., Creighton).....	Hecla, South Dakota
Stuckey, Joseph Aloysius .....	Broken Bow
Ticknor, Earl Virgil .....	Omaha
Tobin, Thomas Frederick .....	Mitchell, South Dakota
Trumble, Ruth Esther .....	Omaha
Waters, Leland Russell .....	Broken Bow
Young, Clare Franklin .....	Omaha

### SENIOR

Berger, John M. ....	Omaha
Brownlee, John Templeton (A. B., Washington & Jefferson)....	Omaha
Dunbar, Thomas Emmons .....	Council Bluffs, Iowa
Fitzgerald, John Edward .....	St. Paul, Minnesota
Fraser, Joseph Jerome .....	Walnut, Iowa
Hanley, Leo James .....	Butte, Montana
Hartman, Martin Stanley .....	Omaha
Lowry, Leo Raymond .....	Omaha
McAvoy, Preston Thomas (A. B., Creighton).....	Omaha
McCarville, Thomas Henry.....	Atlantic, Iowa
McCormick, Charles Bernard .....	Vail, Iowa
McDermott, Edward Charles .....	Omaha
McGuiggan, Robert Francis .....	Winnebago, Minnesota
McHale, William Henry .....	Kansas City, Kansas
Matousek, Frank Fred.....	Fox Ridge, South Dakota
Morgan, Chester Lawrence .....	Wagner, South Dakota
Ratchford, Jesse Augustine .....	Vail, Iowa
Ryan, John Alden .....	Mitchell, South Dakota
Stapenhorst, Theodore Harry .....	Omaha
Swift, Hubert John .....	Riverside, Iowa
Swygard, Arthur Leroy .....	Omaha
Uvick, Joseph Peter .....	Omaha
Walker, Frank Thomas, Jr.....	Omaha
Yeiser, John O., Jr.....	Omaha
Young, Bruce Griffith .....	Omaha
Yucht, Louis .....	Omaha

### RESIDENT GRADUATE

Elsasser, Albert William, LL. B. 1916.....	Omaha
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### RECAPITULATION

Freshman ..	75
Sophomore ..	18
Junior ..	49
Senior ..	26
Resident Graduate .....	1
Total ..	169

## GRADUATES

Aldrich, Carl J. ....	Decatur, 1912
Barnard, William .....	Decatur, 1915
Barrett, Frank A. (A. B., Creighton).....	Omaha, 1916
Barrett, Patrick J. (A. M., Creighton).....	Greeley, 1914
Beal, Henry J., Jr. ....	Omaha, 1916
Becker, Clarence E. ....	Omaha, 1915
Beveridge, John V. (Ph. B., Creighton).....	Omaha, 1916
Bigelow, Anson H. (B. S., Nebraska).....	Omaha, 1912
Boehler, Edwin C. ....	Alma, 1915
Boler, James P. ....	Greeley, 1907
Boyle, Hugh J. ....	O'Neill, 1910
Boyle, John J. ....	Trinidad, Colorado, 1910
Boyle, Wilfred J. ....	Chicago, 1915
Breen, Joseph W. ....	Humphrey, 1916
Bremers, Rudolph H. ....	Omaha, 1916
Brome, Charles L. ....	Worland, Wyoming, 1908
Brome, Clinton .....	Omaha, 1908
Brossard, Matthew V. ....	Madison, Wisconsin, 1915
Brungardt, Alexander F. (A. B., St. Benedict's; A. M., Creighton) .....	Omaha, 1913
Burger, Joseph O. ....	Omaha, 1913
Burke, Charles S. (A. B., Creighton).....	Morris, Minnesota, 1908
Burke, Donald J. ....	Omaha, 1912
Bushman, George F. (A. B., Creighton).....	Omaha 1916
Caldwell, John H. (A. B., Yale).....	Omaha, 1915
Chapman, Lawrence .....	O'Neill, 1915
Cherniss, Harry L. ....	Council Bluffs, Iowa, 1916
Coffey, Raymond T. (Ph. B., Notre Dame).....	Omaha, 1912
Cohan, Samuel H. ....	Omaha, 1915
Connolly, James F. ....	Omaha, 1913
Connolly, Cornelius F. (A. B., Creighton).....	Omaha
Cowles, Carl C. ....	Council Bluffs, Iowa, 1916
Craney, Howard H. (A. M., Creighton).....	Marshalltown, Iowa, 1913
Cronin, Julius D. ....	Omaha, 1916
Cunningham, Benjamin .....	Grand Island, 1910
Day, L. B. (A. M., Creighton).....	Omaha, 1914
DeDual, Andrew B. ....	Atchison, Kansas, 1915
Delehant, John W. (A. M., Creighton).....	Beatrice, 1913
Donahoe, William J. (A. B., Creighton).....	Albion, 1911
Donnelly, M. Joseph .....	Cedar Rapids, Iowa, 1907
Dougherty, Edward F. ....	Omaha, 1916
Doyle, Morgan J. ....	Casper, Wyoming, 1916
Driscoll, Florence W. ....	Wichita, Kansas, 1911
Dunn, Charles V. ....	Emerson, 1915
Elsasser, Albert W. ....	Omaha, 1916
Fearon, Edward E. (Deceased).....	1912
Fetterman, Albert D. ....	Hyannis, 1912
Finerty, Hugh P. ....	Neola, Iowa, 1916
Flanery, Charles .....	Guthrie Center, Iowa, 1913
Fletcher, Chester D. ....	Schuyler, 1913
Flood, Charles P. ....	Anaconda, Montana, 1916

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Fraser, William C. ....	Omaha, 1908
Gallagher, Henry M. ....	Waseca, Minnesota, 1910
Gantz, Harry E. ....	Alliance, 1916
Geiselman, Dana C. ....	Geneva, 1912
Gillespie, Hugh F. (A. M., Creighton).....	Omaha, 1916
Gleeson, James J. ....	Dodge, 1915
Gogerty, David L. ....	Sheridan, Wyoming, 1908
Green, Joseph F. ....	Creighton, 1906
Green, William R. ....	Buhl, Idaho, 1911
Greer, Julius L. ....	Blackfoot, Idaho, 1910
Griffith, Walter L. ....	Wilmington, North Carolina, 1912
Grodzinsky, William ....	Omaha, 1913
Gross, Daniel J. ....	Omaha, 1916
Grunden, Ernest T. ....	Elwood, 1909
Haffke, Charles ....	Washington, Arkansas, 1908
Hanley, James H. ....	Washington, D. C., 1910
Hannon, Emmett T. ....	Omaha, 1914
Harper, Hugh H. ....	Omaha, 1910
Hebenstreit, Frank A. ....	Falls City, 1915
Henely, Amos E. (A. M., Creighton).....	Omaha, 1909
Hogan, Edward D. (A. B., Creighton).....	Cascade, Iowa, 1908
Hopkins, John H. ....	Omaha, 1913
Horan, Philip E. (A. M., Creighton).....	Omaha, 1913
Hoye, Walter W. ....	Omaha, 1912
Hronek, Walter C. (A. B., Creighton).....	Schuyler, 1914
Ineichen, Leo E. (A. B., Creighton).....	Minneapolis, Minnesota, 1914
Jacobson, Jesse E. ....	Omaha, 1914
Jamieson, William N. (A. B., St. Mary's).....	Omaha, 1910
Jaquith, Arthur B. ....	Omaha, 1913
Johnson, Franklin ....	Omaha, 1915
Katleman, Carl C. ....	Omaha, 1914
Kavanagh, Louis D., (A. B., Creighton).....	Omaha, 1915
Kean, Eugene J. ....	Ord, 1916
Keegan, Francis R. (A. B., St. Thomas).....	Omaha, 1914
Keenan, Thomas J. (A. B., Creighton).....	Omaha, 1915
Kelley, William P. ....	Verdigre, 1916
Kelly, Frank ....	Merna 1906
Keyser, George A. (A. M., Creighton).....	Omaha, 1913
Lanigan, James M. (A. B., Creighton).....	Salt Lake City, Utah, 1910
Leary, Edward F. (A. M., Creighton).....	Omaha, 1907
Lee, George A. ....	Omaha, 1916
Loomis, Walter T. ....	Omaha, 1912
Lovely, Joseph M. (A. B., Creighton).....	Omaha, 1914
Lynch, William P. (A. B., Creighton).....	Omaha, 1906
McCaffrey, C. Joseph (A. B., Creighton).....	Omaha, 1907
McCaffrey, Owen P. ....	Omaha, 1912
McCartan, Clement B. ....	Pocohontas, Iowa, 1911
McCarthy, Edmund H. ....	Papillion, 1914
McCarthy, Paul J. ....	Enid, Oklahoma, 1915
McCulloch, Hugh (A. B., Knox) ....	Omaha, 1915
McDermott, Edward B. ....	Kearney, 1910
McDermott, James V. ....	Shelton, 1916



McGovern, Martin J. ....	Denver, Colorado, 1916
McDonald, Edward P. ....	Omaha, 1916
McGuckin, James P. ....	Omaha, 1913
McGuire, Thomas J. ....	Omaha, 1914
McMurphy, Edward H. (B. S., Illinois College) ..	Hillsdale, Illinois, 1907
McNally, Patrick H. (A. B., Detroit) .....	Chicago, Illinois, 1911
McNally, Robert E. (A. B., Creighton) .....	Sheridan, Wyoming, 1909
McVann, Edward J. ....	Chicago, Illinois, 1914
McVeigh, J. Gerald .....	Omaha, 1912
Madden, Raphael J. ....	Omaha, 1913
Magney, Lloyd A. ....	Omaha, 1913
Maher, William J. ....	Blair, 1916
Mahlin, Eugene L. (B. S., Fremont) .....	Fremont, 1915
Malm, Carl R. ....	Omaha, 1913
Malm, Frank O. ....	Omaha, 1916
Marshall, Floyd W. (Ph. G., Creighton) .....	Omaha, 1914
Matthai, Claude B. ....	Omaha, 1915
Matthews, Francis P. (A. M., Creighton) .....	Omaha, 1913
Merten, George H. (A. B., Creighton) .....	Omaha, 1907
Messmore, Fred W. ....	Beatrice, 1912
Miller, Martin H. (Ph. D., Notre Dame) .....	Cleveland, Ohio, 1913
Mitchell, Edwin D. ....	Council Bluffs, Iowa, 1915
Monsky, Henry .....	Omaha, 1912
Moonan, Joseph W. ....	Waseca, Minnesota, 1911
Moran, John O. ....	Salt Lake City, Utah, 1914
More, Walter T. ....	Omaha, 1914
Morgan, Vere A. ....	Council Bluffs, Iowa, 1916
Mossman, Harland K. (A. B., Morningside; A. M., Creighton) ..	Omaha, 1909
Murray, Thomas B. ....	Omaha, 1910
Negley, John I. ....	Omaha, 1906
Nicholas, Edmund J. ....	Omaha, 1914
O'Keefe, Thomas J. (B. S., Coe) .....	Omaha, 1913
Organ, Richard J. ....	1906
O'Sullivan, Eugene D. ....	Omaha, 1910
Parmenter, Guy N. ....	Wahoo, 1913
Pratt, George W. ....	Omaha, 1914
Proctor, Arthur W. ....	New York City, 1910
Rademacher, Gerard V. (A. M., Creighton) .....	Crete, 1913
Reed, Eldridge G. ....	Dunning, 1916
Reel, John W. ....	Omaha, 1915
Regner, Kilian G. ....	Omaha, 1912
Robertson, Hugh C. (A. B., University of Nebraska) .....	Omaha, 1911
Robins, Edward J. ....	Fremont, 1915
Rooney, William P. ....	Chadron, 1909
Rosenblum, Arthur .....	Omaha, 1912
Ross, Winfield R. ....	Omaha, 1913
Ruplinger, Richard B. ....	Orleans, 1913
Ryan, Leonard L. ....	Council Bluffs, Iowa, 1915
Ryan, Mark J. (A. B., Creighton) .....	Sioux City, Iowa, 1915
Ryan, Roger R. ....	Gillette, Wyoming, 1916
Ryman, Arthur E. ....	1910



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Schall, William A. (A. M., Creighton).....	Omaha, 1907
Schick, Bertha I. ....	Omaha, 1916
Schleh, Vernon S. ....	Omaha, 1916
Schneider, Louis J. ....	Council Bluffs, Iowa, 1908
Schnell, Arthur P. ....	Sturgis, South Dakota, 1906
Schopp, J. Walter (A. B., Creighton).....	Omaha, 1910
Schrempp, Charles F. ....	Omaha, 1913
Scott, Walter H. (A. B., Creighton).....	Davenport, Iowa, 1913
Setz, Louis W. ....	Omaha, 1914
Shackleford, Henry W. ....	Omaha, 1910
Shannon, John J. ....	Omaha, 1916
Shaw, William H. (Deceased).....	1910
Sheehan, Francis E. ....	Omaha, 1916
Shields, Roland D. ....	Omaha, 1912
Shotwell, Ross R. ....	Omaha, 1916
Silver, Francis A. ....	Butte, Montana, 1916
Smith, Howard (Deceased) ....	1912
Somers, Louis J. ....	New Haven, Connecticut, 1909
Spillane, John J. ....	New Richland, Minnesota, 1910
Sprecher, John C. ....	Schuyler, 1916
Stanoshek, William T. (A. M., St. Mary's).....	Odell, 1912
Sternberg, William P. (A. B., Creighton).....	Omaha, 1910
Stough, Dale P. ....	Lincoln, 1911
Stuart, Robert (A. M., Creighton).....	Pawhuska, Oklahoma, 1908
Stumbo, John D. ....	Livonia, New York, 1915
Sugarman, George F. ....	Omaha, 1915
Sullivan, Joseph R. (A. B., Creighton).....	Laramie, Wyoming, 1908
Svoboda, Edward J. ....	Omaha, 1916
Thielen, Charles J. (A. M., Creighton).....	Humphrey, 1911
Thompson, Lloyd G. ....	Grand Island, 1915
Van Orsdel, Ralph A. (A. B., University of Nebraska)....	Omaha, 1910
Ward, Ferdinand M. ....	O'Neill, 1912
Ward, Peter F. ....	Hot Springs, South Dakota, 1910
Webb, Robert J. ....	Omaha, 1912
Weingarten, John W. ....	Omaha, 1914
Weisenhorn, Paul G. (A. B., St. Francis Solanus) .	Quincy, Illinois, 1916
Welch, William P. ....	Missouri Valley, Iowa, 1916
West, Ralph M. (A. B., Iowa College; A. M., Creighton)...	Omaha, 1910
Wheeler, Perry, MacD. (B. S., Bellevue).....	Omaha, 1915
Whelan, John W. ....	Casper, Wyoming, 1913
Wilkinson, William J. ....	Marengo, Iowa, 1916
Young, Raymond G. ....	Omaha, 1908
Zitnik, Julius J. ....	Omaha, 1911







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1918/19

Creighton Univ.

Law

1918-19

# The Creighton University Bulletin

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No. 2

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OF THE

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COLLEGE OF LAW

1918-1919



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# Calendar

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## 1918

September 18-19—Wednesday and Thursday, Registration. Examinations to remove conditions.

September 20—Friday, Classes Commence.

November 28-30—Thursday to Saturday, inclusive, Thanksgiving Recess.

December 24 to January 5, 1919—Tuesday to Sunday, inclusive, Christmas Recess.

## 1919

January 27-31—Monday to Friday, inclusive, First Semester Examinations.

February 3—Monday, Second Semester begins, 8 A. M.

February 7—Friday, Founders' Day, Holiday.

April 18-21—Friday to Monday, inclusive, Easter Recess.

May 19-28—Monday to Wednesday, inclusive, Second Semester Examinations.

May 30—Friday, Memorial Day, Holiday.

May 31—Saturday, Commencement.

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The Creighton College of Law is a Member of the Association of American Law Schools.

## Faculty

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FRANCIS X. McMENAMY, S. J.,  
President of the University.

PAUL L. MARTIN,  
A. M. (Creighton); LL. B. (Harvard).  
Dean and Professor of Law.

HUGH F. GILLESPIE,  
A. M., LL. B. (Creighton); LL. M. (Catholic University  
of America).  
Librarian and Professor of Law.

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ANSON H. BIGELOW,  
B. S. (Nebraska); LL. B. (Creighton).  
Professor of Law.

\*DONALD J. BURKE,  
LL. B. (Creighton).  
Professor of Law.

JAMES M. FITZGERALD,  
A. B. (Creighton); LL. B. (Michigan).  
Professor of Law.

WILLIAM C. FRASER,  
LL. B. (Creighton).  
Professor of Law.

EDWARD F. LEARY,  
A. M., LL. B. (Creighton).  
Professor of Law.

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\*In military service.

NEAL D. REARDON,

A. B. (Illinois) ; A. M., LL. B. (Northwestern).

Professor of Law.

JOHN A. RINE,

LL. B. (Michigan).

Professor of Law.

WILLIAM P. STERNBERG,

A. B., LL. B. (Creighton).

Professor of Law.

LOUIS J. TE POEL,

A. B. (Nebraska) ; A. M., LL. B. (Columbia).

Professor of Law.

JOSEPH W. WOODROUGH,

(U. S. District Judge).

Professor of Law.

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JOHN A. BENNEWITZ,

A. B. (Creighton) ; LL. B. (Georgetown).

Lecturer on Conveyancing.

FRANCIS CASSILLY, S. J.,

Lecturer on Legal Ethics.

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MARY P. HINCHEY,

Secretary to the Dean.

M. ISABELLE KEYSER,

Assistant Librarian.

MARCELLA F. HOULTON,

Assistant Librarian.



### HISTORICAL SKETCH

The Creighton University, founded in 1878, takes its name from Edward Creighton, one of the pioneers of the West, who died intestate on November 5, 1874, leaving his wife Mary Lucretia Creighton, his sole heir. Though free to use her fortune as she pleased, she determined to carry out the oft-expressed intention of her late husband to found a free college for boys, and in her will, dated September 23, 1875, she bequeathed One Hundred Thousand Dollars for this purpose "as a memorial of my late husband." Mrs. Creighton died on January 23, 1876.

Count John A. Creighton, brother of Edward, was one of the executors of Mrs. Creighton's will. Loyally discharging his trust, he watched the new institution gradually take form and became, in time, its largest benefactor, leaving it, on his death (which occurred February 7, 1907), with a substantial endowment and a plant comprising eight large buildings specially constructed for educational purposes.

The University, which was the outgrowth of the College, now includes a Preparatory Course, as well as Colleges of Arts and Sciences, Law, Medicine, Dentistry and Pharmacy. Thanks to the Creighton generosity, tuition is free in the Preparatory Course and the College of Arts; the charges are moderate in the Professional schools. The University's enrollment, including the Summer Session, was 1,052 for the year 1917-1918; the alumni number about two thousand. Under the terms of the foundation the Preparatory Course and College of Arts are open only to men, but the professional schools are co-educational. While the control of the University is vested in the Jesuits—one of the teaching orders of the Catholic Church—no distinction is made as to creed or race in any of the departments.

The College of Law was opened in 1904 in temporary quarters provided by the College of Medicine, and removed the following year to its present building, The Edward Creighton Institute, which was erected by the University for educational purposes and is now the home of the Colleges of Law and Dentistry. The law school occupies about one-half of the building and has every facility for the proper conduct of its work, including electric elevator, gas and electric lights, hot and cold water and toilet rooms on every floor, locker rooms, students'

lobby, smoking and lounging rooms, commodious lecture halls, social rooms, offices for the faculty, assembly halls suitable for social gatherings, public functions, meetings of class organizations, etc. The lecture halls, of which there are three, are well lighted and ventilated, and every effort has been made to surround the students with conditions the most favorable for study.

### **PURPOSE AND SCOPE**

The object of the course offered is to fit the graduate for practice in any place where the common law prevails. While the historical development of the law is patiently traced, and due attention is paid to the cultivation of the so-called "legal-mind," the practical phase of the law is not forgotten, and no opportunity is lost to so prepare the students that they may, on graduation, engage successfully in the practice of their profession.

The teaching is for the most part in the hands of full-time men, but certain courses are taught by practitioners, thus insuring a well-balanced course, and the ideal of the school—effective preparation for the bar—is measurably attained. Emphasis is put upon the importance of careful daily work, and by frequent quiz, required attendance and written examinations, thoroughness is constantly inculcated. As the classes are broken up into manageable sections, the maximum of personal contact between teachers and students is secured; questions are encouraged, difficulties are explained and a proper combination of knowledge and training is attempted. The policy of the school is not to graduate men whose memories are stocked with legal rules, but to so prepare its students that they will have some idea of the genius of the common law, a love and a capacity for study, and an ethical standard which will encourage adherence to the best traditions of the bar. Latent qualities of leadership are developed and every opportunity is afforded the earnest student to make the most of his talents, not only for his own personal gratification and profit, but particularly for the welfare of his fellows.

The school is located a half block from the Douglas County Court House, where seven divisions of the District Court and the County Court are constantly in session; four blocks from the Federal

Building where the United States District Court holds its sessions, eight blocks from the Police Court, and within from one to two blocks of the Justice of the Peace and Municipal Courts. The students thus have every opportunity to observe the practical workings of the law as exhibited in the trial of cases, the probate of estates, etc., and for those who find leisure, the many law offices of the city, most of them within two blocks of the school, afford still further opportunities for gaining a practical knowledge of the conduct of a law office.

Instruction is offered in both day and evening classes, the day course covering three years and the evening course four years. The evening classes, which have been in operation since September 1, 1909, do not lead to a degree but serve admirably both to prepare for bar examinations and to give persons engaged in business those special helps which are to be found only in the law.

### METHOD OF INSTRUCTION

The Case System is followed, though each teacher is free to adapt it in such a manner as will, in his judgment, prove most effective. For the most part the work is prescribed, though certain elections are allowed as shown on pages 18-20.

Thoroughness is not sacrificed and due emphasis is put upon the importance of careful analysis, but neither is proper breadth overlooked, and the students are trained, as far as possible, in the whole body of the fundamental law. Exhaustive investigation of reliable source material is encouraged and scant courtesy is paid to mere assumption; the law is presented as a plastic body of principles capable of infinite variety both in statement and application, not as a hard and fast code to be memorized as if it were incapable of further development. As far as possible, the student is trained to rely upon his own industry and intelligence in discovering the law, and not to accept it upon the *ipse dixit* of the staff.

Mere method is not idealized and the law's content receives due emphasis to the end that the graduate may bring to his work as a practitioner not only a zeal for thoroughness and an intensely critical attitude toward arbitrary statement of the law, but also a working knowledge of the repositories of the law and of the practical methods by which

legal wrongs are to be redressed. As far as may be, the lawyer's attitude and the atmosphere of court and office are given prominent place in the interest of efficiency; customary preparatory school-room methods, ideals and viewpoints do not prevail.

### MOOT COURTS

A comprehensive system of Moot Courts is maintained and the various stages of litigation are illustrated. The class room instruction in Pleading, Trial Practice, Evidence, Criminal Procedure, Justice Practice and Probate Procedure is supplemented by required work in the practice courts which are divided into four sections: one devoted to Justice and Probate work; one to jurisdiction in chambers, equity trials and preliminary matters; one to the conduct of jury cases, both civil and criminal; and the other to the hearing of cases on appeal.

Justice and Probate work is assigned to the Juniors as attorneys, the cases being tried on prepared statements of fact. District Court cases are tried by the Seniors, with the Juniors acting as witnesses and the Freshmen as jurors. In the Appellate Court the Seniors sit as Associate Justices with a member of the Faculty presiding as Chief Justice; each Associate must write an opinion in two cases. Senior cases are based on actual court records and are made to conform, as far as possible, to the reality. Pleadings are filed, process issued, motions and demurrers argued, witnesses examined, exhibits introduced, objections made, exceptions taken, instructions prepared, trial briefs written, and orders drawn for signature by the Judge of the Court. On appeal, each attorney is required to file a carefully written brief which he must supplement by oral argument to the Court. Every session of the various courts is presided over by a member of the faculty and the entire course of practice must be satisfactorily completed by every candidate for a degree. Attendance at the jury trials is compulsory for every student in the school, and a written report must be presented by each student upon each case tried. As there are about fifteen such cases per year, the graduate will have attended from forty to forty-five cases during his course and will thus have familiarized himself with the



proper method of conducting jury trials. Interest is keen in the litigation and an atmosphere of serious attention pervades the work.

The school has two court rooms, each furnished with all the necessary equipment for the proper handling of litigated questions. Court Room No. 1 has a seating capacity of two hundred, and is provided with a large cherry bench, the original cost of which was \$6,700; Court Room No. 2, which is used for equity proceedings, and the hearing of preliminary matters as well as for justice, probate and appellate work, is furnished with thirty-six swivel arm chairs and a smaller cherry bench. These court rooms owe their elaborate furnishings to a favorable contract made a few years ago with the County Commissioners of Douglas County from whom the furniture, fixtures and fittings of the seven court rooms in the old Douglas County Court House were secured.

### **PUBLIC SPEAKING, PARLIAMENTARY LAW AND CONTEMPORARY LEGISLATION**

The course on Parliamentary Law, which is of obligation for all Freshmen, is intended to prepare the students for the work of the Model House, a miniature legislative assembly, which is organized along the lines of the National House of Representatives and the Lower House of the State Legislature.

At the close of the school-year a Speaker, Chief Clerk and Journal Clerk are elected by the students from among their number for the following year. These officers, in conjunction with the various committees appointed by the Speaker, are responsible for the work of the house. The course on Parliamentary Law is given by a member of the faculty who is also present at every meeting of the House to give his advice when appealed to.

Every student in the school must attend and participate in the work of the house. At the opening session, the Speaker announces the districts which the members are to represent and the committees to which the various bills introduced are referred. The Speaker presides at each session but turns the chair over to members of the Senior Class during the deliberations of the Committee of the Whole.

Each member of the upper classes is required to draft and in-



introduce two bills at each session. The bills presented by the Seniors for discussion during the first half of the session must be prepared during the summer vacation for committee action shortly after school opens. As only subjects of importance in the field of contemporary legislation are considered, the Seniors in charge of the various bills obtain a great deal of experience at Committee meetings in the attempt to have bills moulded as they desire. This necessitates a careful study of the existing law and of the defects to be remedied and affords no end of valuable training in marshalling one's facts, and clearly presenting them in the attempt to persuade the committee to take the desired action.

All bills must pass through the hands of the Sifting Committee which selects those likely to prove most valuable for discussion. Once the selection is made, the designated bills are made special order for a particular day and three members of the House are appointed to support and three to oppose the measure. When their debate has closed, the bills are thrown open for general discussion and for such action as the members think fit.

The House as organized and conducted serves several very useful purposes: it gives opportunity for practicing parliamentary law; imparts a fair knowledge of contemporary problems in legislation; gives effective drill in committee work; teaches those who are to enforce the law the method by which laws are made; and provides incentive and opportunity for improving oneself in the art of public speaking.

### **LIBRARY FACILITIES**

The library owned by the school comprises over 15,000 volumes and includes the following collections: Butterworth's Twentieth Century Statutes, English Statutes at Large, Encyclopedia of Laws of England, Law Reports Statutes, Evans Statutes, Chitty's English Statutes, Scot's Statutes; United States Statutes at Large, United States Compiled Statutes, 1913 and 1916 editions; Federal Statutes Annotated, first and second editions; United States Statutes Annotated; longruns of Session Laws and Statutes in Colorado, Connecticut, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, New

Hampshire, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Texas, Utah, Vermont, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia and Wisconsin; with the latest Statutes only in Alaska, Arizona, California, Mississippi, Montana, New Mexico, North Carolina and Wyoming; all State Reports down to the Reporter System and complete sets to date of Arkansas, California Unreported, California Appeals, Colorado, Colorado Appeals, Dakota Territory, District of Columbia Appeals, Georgia Appeals, Idaho, Illinois, Illinois Appeals, Indian Territory, Indiana, Indiana Appeals, Iowa, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Missouri Appeals, Nebraska, New Hampshire, North Dakota, Ohio State, Oklahoma, Oklahoma Criminal, Oregon, Pennsylvania State, South Dakota, Texas, Utah, Wisconsin, Wyoming; Complete sets of Interstate Commerce Commission Reports, Public Land Decisions, Court of Claims Reports, Treasury Decisions, Opinions of Attorney General, Patent Decisions; the entire Reporter System; Federal Cases, Federal Reporter, Supreme Court Reporter, Supreme Court Reports, United States Supreme Court Reports—Lawyer's Edition; American Reports, American Decisions, American State Reports, Lawyers Reports Annotated (both series), Public Utility Reports, Workmen's Compensation, Butterworth's Workmen's Compensation Cases, American Negligence Reports, Negligence and Compensation Cases, British Ruling Cases; English Ruling Cases (both editions), American Criminal Reports; Ruling Case Law; Encyclopedia of Evidence, American Encyclopedia of Law and Practice, American and English Encyclopedia of Law (first and second edition), Encyclopedia of Pleading and Practice, Encyclopedia of Forms, Cyclopaedia of Law and Procedure, Corpus Juris, Encyclopedia of Procedure, Words and Phrases; American Digest: Century, Decennial, Second Decennial Edition and Key Number Series; Pacific States Reporter Digest, Northwestern Reporter Digest, Nebraska Synoptical Digest, Mew's English Case Law Digest; English Reports—Full Reprint; Law Reports: Admiralty and Ecclesiastical Cases, Appeal Cases, Chancery Appeal Cases, Chancery Division, Common Pleas Cases, Common Pleas Division, Crown Cases Reserved, English and Irish Appeal Cases, Equity Cases, Exchequer Cases, Exchequer Division, King's Bench Division, Privy Council Appeal Cases, Probate Division,

Probate and Divorce, Queen's Bench Cases, Queen's Bench Division; Alberta Law Reports; Canadian Reports; Canada Supreme Court Reports; Exchequer Reports of Canada; Saskatchewan Reports; Ontario Law Reports; Dominion Law Reports; Upper Canada Common Pleas Reports; Upper Canada Error and Appeal Reports, Upper Canada King's Bench Reports; Upper Canada Jurist; Ontario Appeal Reports; Practice Reports; Grant's Chancery Reports; Ontario Reports; Territories Law Reports; Canadian Railway Cases, Canadian Criminal Cases; Irish Reports (Common Law and Equity); Irish Law Reports; Scot's Revised Reports; Bulletin of International Labor Office; Journal of Society of Comparative Legislation; Law Notes; Law Quarterly Review; Law Times; Law Times Reports; Law Journal; Law Journal Reports; Solicitor's Journal and Weekly Reporter; Times Law Reports; Weekly Notes; Canadian Law Times; Upper Canada Law Journal; Canada Law Journal; Lower Canada Law Journal; Ontario Weekly Notes; Western Law Times; Irish Law Times; Juridical Review; Journal of Jurisprudence; Scot's Law Times; Scottish Law Review; Albany Law Journal; American Bar Association Journal; American Judicature Society Journal; American Labor Legislation Review; American Law Journal; American Law Magazine; American Law Register; University of Pennsylvania Law Review; American Law Review; American Law School Review; American Law Times Reports; National Bankruptcy Register Reports; Bench and Bar; California Law Review; Case and Comment; Central Law Journal, Columbia Law Review; Cornell Law Quarterly; Journal of Criminal Law and Criminology; Criminal Law Magazine; Fordham Law Review; Green Bag; Harvard Law Review; Illinois Law Bulletin; Illinois Law Review; American Journal of International Law; Iowa Law Bulletin; Kentucky Law Journal; Kentucky Law Reporter; Law Notes; Law Reporter; Law Review of University of Detroit; Legal Observer; Law Library Journal; Marquette Law Review; Massachusetts Law Quarterly; Michigan Law Review; Minnesota Law Review; University of Missouri Bulletin; New Jersey Law Journal; Pacific Coast Law Journal; Patent and Trade Mark Review; Pennsylvania Law Journal; Southern Law Quarterly; Southern Law Review; Southwestern Law Review; Trade Mark Reporter; Virginia

Law Journal; Virginia Law Review; Virginia Law Register; Western Law Journal; Workmen's Compensation Law Journal; Yale Law Journal; Chinese Social and Political Science Review.

In addition to the above named sets the Library contains over 1,300 volumes of standard text books on the various branches and topics of the law and 1,000 volumes of historical and miscellaneous legal material, among which are many original editions three hundred and four hundred years old.

Students have direct access to most of the books,—the others they may secure on ticket for use either in the library rooms or at home. About five thousand dollars a year is spent in the purchase of new books for the library. The importance of a working knowledge of law books is emphasized by the course on Legal Bibliography which is of obligation for every student. The purpose is to familiarize the class with the most thorough and quickest methods of securing the law upon a given point and to this end the lectures are supplemented by careful drill in the library. The preparation of trial briefs and of briefs on appeal in the Moot Courts affords additional opportunity for becoming acquainted with the books and experience shows that the facility thus gained is of very great practical value to the graduates.

In addition to this law library, the students may enjoy the use of the Omaha Public Library (two blocks distant from the school) containing more than one hundred thousand volumes.

### **ARRANGEMENT OF HOURS**

The day course embraces three years of thirty-seven weeks each; the evening course four years of thirty-seven weeks each. The day lectures are given from Monday to Friday inclusive, beginning at eight o'clock in the morning and ending at ten, eleven, or twelve o'clock according to the schedule for the particular day; the evening lectures are given on Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday, beginning at 6:20 o'clock and ending at eight or eight-thirty o'clock, according to the schedule for the particular evening.

The sessions of Division No. 1 of the Moot Court and of the Model House are held on Friday evenings at eight-thirty o'clock. During the first part of the semester the meetings are devoted to the Moot



Court, and those during the latter part to the Model House. Attendance at these meetings is compulsory for all students. Committee meetings in connection with the Model House are subject to call of the Speaker.

The sessions of Division No. 2 of the Moot Court are held on Tuesday morning, and attendance is required on the part of the Seniors.

## CURRICULUM

The division of the day classes is as follows:

### FRESHMAN

#### First Semester

##### CONTRACTS—

Three hours. Williston's Cases, Volume I. . . . .*Mr. Martin*

##### DOMESTIC RELATIONS AND THE LAW OF PERSONS—

Two hours. Woodruff's Cases, 2nd edition. . . . .*Mr. Gillespie*

##### INTRODUCTION TO THE STUDY OF LAW—

One hour. Lectures, assigned reading and  
selected cases. . . . .*Mr. Martin*

##### PROPERTY—

Two hours. Warren's Cases. . . . .*Mr. Sternberg*

##### TORTS—

Two hours. Wigmore's Cases, Volume I. . . . .*Mr. Reardon*

#### Second Semester

##### AGENCY—

Two hours. Reinhard's Cases . . . . .*Mr. Gillespie*

##### COMMON LAW PLEADING—

Three hours. Sunderland's Cases. . . . .*Mr. Reardon*

##### CONTRACTS—

Three hours. Williston's Cases, Volume II. . . . .*Mr. Martin*

##### CRIMINAL LAW AND PROCEDURE—

Two hours. Derby's Cases, Nebraska Criminal  
Code . . . . .*Mr. Fitzgerald*

##### LEGAL BIBLIOGRAPHY—

One hour. Lectures and problems, with library  
drill . . . . .*Mr. Reardon*



## LEGAL ETHICS—

Seven lectures. American Bar Association Canons  
of Ethics. . . . . *Prof. Cassilly*

## PROPERTY—

Two hours. Warren's Cases . . . . . *Mr. Sternberg*

## TORTS—

Two hours. Wigmore's Cases, Volume II. . . . . *Mr. Reardon*

**JUNIOR****First Semester**

## CODE PLEADING—

Three hours. Sunderland's Cases. . . . . *Mr. Reardon*

## DAMAGES—

Two hours. Mechem & Gilbert's Cases. . . . . *Mr. Fraser*

## EQUITY JURISDICTION—

Two hours. Ames' Cases, Vols. I. and II. . . . . *Mr. Te Poel*

## EVIDENCE—

Two hours. Wigmore's Cases, 2nd edition. . . . . *Mr. Martin*

## JUSTICE PRACTICE—

One Hour. Lectures based on Nebraska Statutes  
and Selected Cases . . . . . *Mr. Fraser*

## PARTNERSHIP—

Two hours. Gilmore's Cases . . . . . *Mr. Gillespie*

## REAL PROPERTY—

Two hours. Gray's Cases, 2nd edition,  
Volume III. . . . . *Mr. Bigelow*

**Second Semester**

## EQUITY JURISDICTION—

Two hours. Ames' Cases, Volumes I. and II. . . . . *Mr. Te Poel*

## EVIDENCE—

Two hours. Wigmore's Cases, 2nd edition. . . . . *Mr. Martin*

## MORTGAGES—

Two hours. Durfee's Cases . . . . . *Mr. Bigelow*

**PROBATE PROCEDURE—**

One hour. Lectures based on Nebraska Statutes  
and Selected Cases .....*Mr. Fraser*

**SALES—**

Two hours. Burdick's Cases, 2nd edition.....*Mr. Gillespie*

**TRIAL PRACTICE—**

Two hours. Sunderland's Cases .....*Mr. Fraser*

**WILLS AND ADMINISTRATION—**

Three hours. Costigan's Cases .....*Mr. Reardon*

**SENIOR****First Semester****BAILMENTS, CARRIERS AND PUBLIC CALLINGS—**

Two hours. Willis' Cases .....*Mr. Fitzgerald*

**BILLS AND NOTES—**

Two hours. Smith and Moore.....*Mr. Reardon*

**CONFLICT OF LAWS—**

Two hours. Beale's Cases (Shorter Selection)....*Mr. Martin*

**CONSTITUTIONAL LAW—**

Two hours. McClain's Cases, 2nd edition.....*Mr. Te Poel*

**PRIVATE CORPORATIONS—**

Three hours. Wilgus' Cases, Vol. I. ....*Mr. Te Poel*

**TRUSTS—**

Two hours. Ames' Cases, 2nd edition .....*Mr. Te Poel*

**Second Semester****BANKRUPTCY—**

Two hours. Holbrook & Aigler's Cases.....*Mr. Leary*

**CONFLICT OF LAWS—**

Two hours. Beale's Cases (Shorter Selection)....*Mr. Martin*

**CONSTITUTIONAL LAW—**

Two hours. McClain's Cases, 2nd edition.....*Mr. Te Poel*

**CONVEYANCING AND EXAMINATION OF ABSTRACTS—**

Ten lectures supplemented by practical exercises..*Mr. Bennewitz*

**INSURANCE—**

Two hours. Vance's Cases .....*Judge Woodrough*

## INTERNATIONAL LAW—

Two hours. Scott's Cases .....*Mr. Martin*

## MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS—

Two hours. Beale's Cases.....*Mr. Rine*

## PRIVATE CORPORATIONS—

Three hours. Wilgus' Cases, Vol. II. ....*Mr. Te Poel*

## SURETYSHIP—

Two hours. Ames' Cases .....*Mr. Bigelow*

## TRUSTS—

Two hours. Ames' Cases 2nd edition.....*Mr. Te Poel***DAY SCHOOL**

The Division between required and elective courses in the day classes is indicated by the following table:

**Freshman Year**

All the subjects are required.

	Hours 1st Semester	Hours 2nd Semester
Contracts . . . . .	3	3
Property . . . . .	2	2
Torts . . . . .	2	2
Crimes . . . . .	2	..
Common Law Pleading . . . . .	..	3
Persons . . . . .	2	..
Agency . . . . .	..	2
Legal Bibliography . . . . .	..	1
Introduction . . . . .	1	..
Ethics . . . . .	..	..
Parliamentary Law . . . . .	..	..
Model House . . . . .	..	..
Moot Court . . . . .	..	..
	—	—
	12	13

### Junior Year

#### Required Courses:

	Hours 1st Semester	Hours 2nd Semester
Equity . . . . .	3	3
Evidence . . . . .	2	2
Property . . . . .	2	2
Code Pleading . . . . .	3	..
Sales . . . . .	..	3
Trial Practice . . . . .	..	2
Moot Court . . . . .	..	..
Model House . . . . .	..	..
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	10	12

Elective courses: (Two hours must be elected for first semester, while four may be; no election required for second semester, although two hours may be elected).

Damages . . . . .	2	..
Mortgages . . . . .	..	2
Partnership . . . . .	2	..
Justice Practice . . . . .	1	..
Probate Procedure . . . . .	..	1

### Senior Year

#### Required Courses:

Bills and Notes . . . . .	3	..
Corporations . . . . .	2	2
Trusts . . . . .	2	2
Municipal Corporations . . . . .	..	2
Constitutional Law . . . . .	2	2
Trial Court . . . . .	..	..
Moot Court . . . . .	..	..
Model House . . . . .	..	..
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	9	8

Elective courses: (Three hours must be elected for the first sem-

ester, while five may be; four hours of election are required for the second semester, while six may be chosen).

	Hours 1st Semester	Hours 2nd Semester
Conflicts . . . . .	2	2
Carriers . . . . .	2	..
Bankruptcy . . . . .	1	..
International Law . . . . .	..	2
Insurance . . . . .	..	2
Suretyship . . . . .	..	2
Conveyancing . . . . .	..	..

### NIGHT SCHOOL

The following are the courses offered in the evening classes, all being required:

#### Freshman Year

Contracts . . . . .	3	3
Torts . . . . .	2	2
Property . . . . .	2	2
Introduction . . . . .	1	..
Legal Bibliography . . . . .	..	1
Ethics . . . . .	..	..
Moot Court . . . . .	..	..
Model House . . . . .	..	..
	—	—
	8	8

#### Sophomore Year

Crimes . . . . .	2	..
Persons . . . . .	2	..
Agency . . . . .	2	..
Sales . . . . .	..	3
Common Law Pleading . . . . .	..	3
Property II . . . . .	2	2
Moot Court . . . . .	..	..
Model House . . . . .	..	..
	—	—
	8	8



**Junior Year**

	Hours 1st Semester	Hours 2nd Semester
Constitutional Law .....	2	2
Equity . . . . .	3	3
Bills and Notes .....	..	3
Code Pleading .....	3	..
Moot Court .....	..	..
Model House .....	..	..
	—	—
	8	8

**Senior Year**

Trusts . . . . .	2	2
Corporations . . . . .	2	2
Municipal Corporations .....	2	..
Evidence . . . . .	2	2
Trial Practice .....	..	2
Moot Court .....	..	..
Model House .....	..	..
	—	—
	8	8

**ADMISSION TO THE COLLEGE OF LAW**

Graduates of recognized colleges requiring at least thirty high school credits for admission, will be received as candidates for the degree, as will also students who have satisfactorily completed one year's work in such a college in addition to four years of high school instruction.

Applicants, at least eighteen years old, who are not comprised in the above classes will be received in the evening classes but may not become an applicant for a degree.

The four-year High School course above referred to must include thirty credits, one credit being given for work in a High School subject of five recitations a week, of not less than forty minutes each, during a period of at least eighteen weeks.

In no event will an applicant be registered as a candidate for the degree until there has been filed in the office of the dean a proper certifi-

cate showing in detail the preliminary training of the student. Blank forms for this purpose are provided for the use of preparatory schools and colleges. Persons intending to register in the College of Law for the first time should make early application, on a blank which may be secured from the office. It is important that the application be filed as early as possible in order that proper credentials may be obtained from the preparatory schools and colleges before the student presents himself for matriculation. Intending applicants are urged to take as much History, English, Political Economy and foreign language as possible in preparation for the law course.

### **REGISTRATION**

No new student may register for first semester credit after October 12th or for second semester credit after February 13th.

No former student may register more than ten days after the re-opening of classes in either semester.

### **ADVANCED STANDING**

Students presenting proper credentials from law schools belonging to the Association of American Law Schools will be received as members of that class for which their previous training fits them, providing their preliminary education satisfies the demands of the school as outlined under the preceding section entitled "Admission." Students presenting proper credentials from law schools not members of the Association of American Law Schools will be admitted, upon examination, to that class for which their record shows them to be fitted. No credit will be given for office or correspondence study. In no event will advanced credit be given for more than two-thirds of the course required from students who have done all of their work in this school. No degree will be conferred upon any student who has not spent an entire school-year in the College of Law.

### **PRE-LEGAL STUDENTS**

High school graduates who present satisfactory evidence of having earned thirty high school credits may register in the Freshman class of the College of Arts. No pre-legal students may take any instruction in law for credit. No tuition is charged in the College of Arts, but

each student must provide his own books and pay an annual fee of fifteen dollars, covering the use of the gymnasium, admission to the University athletic events, and the Glee Club concerts, as well as a year's subscription to the Creighton Chronicle and the Creighton Courier.

### **COMBINED SIX-YEAR COURSE**

Students who are able to satisfy the entrance requirements of the College of Arts may enroll for both the Bachelor of Arts and Bachelor of Law degrees. During their first two years in the University, only work of college grade may be carried, but during both the Junior and Senior years, one-half of the Freshman law course may be taken, the degree Bachelor of Arts being conferred at the end of the fourth year of successful work. During the last two years of the Six-Year Course, the students confine themselves to law studies, on satisfactory completion of which the degree Bachelor of Laws will be conferred.

### **ATTENDANCE**

Attendance at ninety per cent of the work of each subject is required, but an additional ten per cent of absence will be excused for good cause upon proper showing. Students failing of the required attendance will be conditioned; the condition can be removed only by re-examination. The right to remove such condition in this manner rests within the discretion of the faculty. No student will be permitted to register as a regular member of the next higher class if he has more than two conditions against him, one condition being imposed for each failure to attain a passing grade in any subject, or to attend the required per cent of the work given.

The faculty reserves the right to sever any student's connection with the school whenever, in their judgment, such action is advisable. No tuition will be refunded on the departure of any student from the school, whatever the cause of his departure may be. However, students who leave because of illness will be credited with the unused portion of their tuition, which will be available on their return.

### **EXAMINATIONS**

Written examinations are held at the end of each semester; students attaining a satisfactory grade will not be required to pass any

other examination in the same subject matter, unless to remove a time condition. Students failing to attain a passing grade will be conditioned, the condition being removable by satisfactory re-examination during the following semester only; if the grade for a course be below sixty per cent, the student must repeat the subject in class. No student will be permitted to graduate until he has removed all conditions, or to advance to the work of the second or third year as a regular student, if there be two or more conditions against him, whether for failure in examination or lack of required attendance.

### **DEGREE**

The degree Bachelor of Laws (LL. B.) is conferred upon:

1st. Students who, having satisfied the entrance requirements, have completed the full day course of instruction in the College of Law;

2nd. Those who, having been regularly admitted to advanced standing, have satisfactorily completed that part of the course for which they were not given credit on entrance.

### **TUITION AND FEES**

The annual charge for instruction, including the use of a set of books, is One Hundred and Fifty Dollars in the Day Classes and One Hundred and Twenty-five Dollars in the Night Classes, payable as follows: Day, first semester, Eighty-five Dollars; second semester, Sixty-five Dollars. Night, first semester, Sixty-five Dollars; second semester, Sixty Dollars. Each student also receives without additional expense, a ticket giving him the use of the gymnasium, admission to the various University athletic and musical events, as well as a year's subscription to the University magazine and paper.

All bills are due and payable within ten days after the beginning of the particular semester. Students who wish to pay in installments may do so upon condition that all payments are made before the commencement of the semester examinations. Deferred payments will be subject to an additional charge of Five Dollars per semester. A special charge of Three Dollars will be made for late registration.

### **LIVING EXPENSES**

Board and lodging may be had for \$24.00 and upward per month, depending on the tastes of the individual. Suitable rooming



places may be found within a ten minutes' walk of the school; meals may be obtained either by the week at nearby boarding houses, for about Five Dollars per week, or in the many restaurants and cafes of the city at prices varying with the patron's choice. Furnished rooms may be had at from Seven Dollars per month upward for one occupant, or Ten Dollars per month upward for two persons.

The cost of clothing, laundry, incidentals, board and room, need not be more than Three Hundred Dollars per year, but of course, will depend upon the habits of the individual.

### **SELF SUPPORT**

Omaha affords such opportunities for student employment as are to be found in cities of its size, with this advantage that the student population bears a smaller proportion to the total number of inhabitants than in many college towns. The school is located near the heart of the city's retail mercantile and office-building section, where hundreds of people are employed at positions suitable for students. Alert, deserving, experienced men have, as a rule, little difficulty in finding a desirable place, at least after they have been on the ground for a few weeks. Intending students are cautioned, however, not to come empty-handed; the school does not guarantee positions, though it will be glad to help as much as possible. To this end, a Bureau of Information has been established for the free use of self-supporting students.

### **PRIZES AND HONORS**

Through the kindness of Callaghan & Company of Chicago, a book prize, consisting of the Cyclopedic Law Dictionary is offered to that day Junior who attains the highest general average for his class, provided he also satisfies the attendance requirement. In 1917 this prize was awarded to James A. Griffin, of Sioux City, Iowa. On the same terms through the kindness of The American Law Book Company, there is offered to the leader of the graduating class, a prize consisting of a complete forty-volume set of the Cyclopedia of Law and Procedure with its annual annotations to date. Last year this prize was awarded to Mr. Leo J. Hanley of Butte, Montana.

The degree Cum Laude is conferred upon such members of the



Senior class as attain a general average of ninety per cent or more, provided they have also satisfied the attendance requirement. In 1917 the Cum Laude degree was conferred upon Leo J. Hanley.

### **STUDENT ORGANIZATIONS AND ATHLETIC PRIVILEGES**

The University Glee Club, Orchestra and Band are open to law students who desire to develop their musical talents. The Band appears at all of the foot ball games and the Orchestra and Glee Club give one or more formal as well as several informal concerts during the year.

Both the Delta Theta Phi and Gamma Eta Gamma Legal Fraternities have local chapters in the school. The 'Varsity Mixers' Club which has charge of all University dances and the 'Varsity Boosters' Club, which takes a prominent part in football demonstrations, are open to law students.

The new gymnasium recently completed on the Arts campus offers exceptional opportunities for health exercise and recreation as well as for participation in athletic events. The building and equipment cost about One Hundred and Forty Thousand Dollars. A physical director has charge of the gymnasium and will cheerfully co-operate with the students in enabling them to secure the utmost of advantage from this latest addition to the university facilities. Handball, squash, bowling, wrestling, boxing, running, jumping, billiards, swimming and aquatic contests, basket-ball, and the various other pastimes appropriate to a university gymnasium are amply provided for. Each student may receive a physical examination and expert advice as to the kind of exercise he needs, and, if adapted for the 'varsity sports, will be given a chance to compete for a place.

### **ADMISSION TO THE BAR**

The Nebraska legislature of 1907 passed a bill permitting law schools approved by the Supreme Court to present their graduates for admission on motion without examination, provided that no school should be accorded this privilege which was not a member of the Association of American Law Schools. The following copy of a decree of the

Nebraska Supreme Court, under date of December 3, 1907, is self-explanatory:

### SUPREME COURT OF NEBRASKA,

September term, 1907.

Dec. 3.

In the Matter of the Creighton College of Law:

Now, on this third day of December, 1907, this matter having come on to be heard on the application of The Creighton University, and the showing filed in support thereof, the Court finds:

*First*—That Creighton College of Law is a department of The Creighton University.

*Second*—That said Creighton College of Law is a college of law in this state, having entrance requirements and a course of study equal and equivalent to those of the law school of the University of Nebraska.

*Third*—The said Creighton College of Law is a member of the Association of American Law Schools.

It is therefore considered and ordered by the Court that Creighton College of Law be, and the same hereby is designated as a college of law whose graduates shall be admitted to the bar without examination.

(Signed) S. H. SEDGWICK,

Chief Justice.

### ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Grateful acknowledgment is made for the following donations to the Law Library:

Louis J. Te Poel .....	Briefs
Julius J. Zitnik .....	8 Volumes
Monsky & Katleman .....	8 Volumes
William C. Fraser .....	3 volumes
Hon. C. J. Smyth .....	Briefs
John A. McShane .....	4 Volumes
Douglas County Law Library .....	Briefs
Union Pacific Railroad Co. ....	Briefs
Alexander N. Brungardt .....	Statutes
Herman Aye .....	6 Volumes
John C. Sprecher .....	12 Volumes
Creighton Realty Co. ....	15 Volumes

Lynch & West .....	55 Volumes
C. E. Walsh .....	1 Volume
Penrose E. Romig .....	4 Old Documents
Blackburn Esterline .....	Briefs
Neal D. Reardon .....	7 Volumes
Charles F. Schrempp .....	4 Volumes
Sidney W. Smith .....	4 Volumes
Lyman O. Perley .....	4 Volumes
A. G. Ellick .....	1 Volume
Harry C. Lindsay .....	House and Senate Journals
Charles O. Lobeck .....	Bound Volumes of Congressional Records
James H. Hanley .....	U. S. Session Laws
American Association for International Conciliation .....	Documents
City National Bank .....	Current Documents
Corporation Trust Company .....	Current Documents
William A. Schall .....	Book Cases

For further information concerning the College of Law, address  
The Dean, 210 South 18th Street, Omaha, Nebraska.

For information concerning the other Colleges of the University,  
address:

The Dean, Creighton College of Arts, 25th and California  
Streets.

The Dean, Creighton College of Dentistry, 210 South 18th  
Street.

The Dean, Creighton College of Medicine, 14th and Davenport  
Streets.

The Dean, Creighton College of Pharmacy, 14th and Davenport  
Streets.

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### REGISTER OF STUDENTS FOR THE YEAR 1917-1918 FRESHMAN

Bohannon, Howard Edson .....	Omaha
Brown, Walter Blaine .....	Kansas City, Missouri
Carter, Chester Logan .....	Creston, Iowa
Collins, George Bernard .....	Waseca, Minnesota
Fromkin, Max .....	Omaha
Gibney, John Edward (A. B., University of Nebraska) .....	Omaha
Haley, James Edward .....	Dixon, Illinois
Hasch, Henry (B. S., Fremont) .....	Geneva

Heuertz, August William .....	Bancroft, Iowa
Howe, Mary Elizabeth .....	Omaha
Jones, Edward Austin .....	Dixon, Illinois
Klepser, Kenneth Clifford .....	Omaha
Kostal, Albert .....	Omaha
Kudrna, James Leo .....	Wahoo
Loucks, Charles Walter Young .....	Omaha
McCaffrey, Edward Hugh (A. B., Creighton) .....	Omaha
Mason, Lester Morrell (A. B., York) .....	Omaha
Moonan, Raymond Gerald .....	Waseca, Minnesota
Moylan, Julia Mary .....	Omaha
Mullen, William Patrick .....	Shelton
Murphy, Harold Reginald .....	Reynolds, North Dakota
O'Kane, John Vincent .....	Gothenburg
Romig, Penrose Edwin .....	Alliance
*Ryan, Leo Joseph .....	Harper's Ferry, Iowa
Siebecker, William Jackson .....	Council Bluffs, Iowa
Spittler, Victor Ernest .....	Ewing
Sullivan, Daniel Timothy (A. B., St. Viator) .....	Council Bluffs, Iowa
Taylor, Carl Adelbert .....	Council Bluffs, Iowa
Turner, Frank Fenton .....	Omaha
Vanderburg, Dorothy Cecil .....	Los Angeles, California
Wall, Cyrus Bayard .....	Rusk, North Carolina
Wallburg, Max Paul .....	Omaha

### SOPHOMORE

*Andersen, Otto Malmark .....	Omaha
†Appleton, Frank Saville .....	
Bercovici, Moses Abraham .....	Omaha
Bohan, Paul Michael .....	Omaha
*Crimmins, David .....	Waseca, Minnesota
Croft, Ewing August .....	Omaha
Dineen, Francis Michael .....	Omaha
English, James T. (A. B., Creighton) .....	Omaha
Evans, Emerson Burwell .....	Aurora
Gumb, John George .....	Fremont
Hill, Roscoe Arthur .....	Council Bluffs, Iowa
Jessop, Jeannette .....	Omaha
Kidd, Russell Manford .....	Edgar
Lynch, Delia Adeline (M. D., Creighton) .....	Omaha
O'Brien, Dennis Emmett .....	Omaha
Powers, Joseph Francis .....	Omaha
Stecher, Irene .....	Omaha
Stecker, Mildred Emmeline .....	Omaha

### JUNIORS

Anderson, John Vernon .....	Dawson, Iowa
Bremers, Henry John, Jr. ....	Omaha
Charlson, Nels Joseph .....	Vermillion, South Dakota
*Clennon, Eugene Martin (A. B., Champion) .....	West Bend, Iowa
Connolly, James Joseph (A. B., Creighton) .....	Omaha

\*In Military Service.

†Deceased.

Cranny, Jesse Daniel .....	Omaha
*Craren, Robert John .....	Omaha
*Dahlberg, Fred John .....	Telluride, Colorado
Delitala, Claudio .....	Omaha
Denney, Arthur James .....	Council Bluffs, Iowa
Dillon, Edward Michael .....	Perry, Iowa
English, Benedict Michael (Ph. B., Creighton).....	Monona, Iowa
*Farley, Earl Sylvester .....	Milbank, South Dakota
Festner, Francis Julius (A. B., Creighton).....	Omaha
Ibson, John Lars .....	Central City
*Klaseus, John Russell .....	Kasota, Minnesota
LaViolette, Gerald Edward (A. B., Creighton).....	North Bend
Lynch, Fred Ambrose .....	Platte, South Dakota
Moore, John Patrick, Jr. (A. B., Creighton).....	Omaha
Naughton, Denis Francis .....	Butte, Montana
Norman, Ralph Waldo .....	Ord
*O'Donnell, Michael Francis (A. B., Creighton) .....	O'Neill
Rezac, Anton Alois .....	Brainard
Stuckey, Joseph Aloysius .....	Broken Bow
Walsh, Clarence Edward .....	Omaha
Zabriskie, Edgar Balch (B. of E. E., University of Michigan)...	Omaha

### SENIORS

Anderson, Arvid Wilhelm .....	Omaha
Bisenius, Ambrose Leo .....	Cascade, Iowa
Cleary, George James .....	Kearney
Cowell, Mona Helene (A. B., Vassar).....	Omaha
Delehoy, Frank Marion .....	Blue Hill
Dickason, Bertram Lee .....	Council Bluffs, Iowa
Griffin, James Alphonsus .....	Sioux City, Iowa
Griffin, Thomas Joseph .....	Sioux City, Iowa
Hasselquist, Roy Bernard .....	West Point
Hays, Frank Lazmer .....	Peetz, Colorado
*Jungclaus, William Nicholas .....	Grand Island
Kruger, Bart Joseph .....	Omaha
Lafferty, Charles Emerson .....	Mt. Ayr, Iowa
*Murray, Peter Paul .....	Omaha
*Patton, William Wynne .....	Marshalltown, Iowa
Plunkett, Edward James (A. B., Creighton).....	Omaha
Powell, Thomas Watkin .....	Bloomfield
Robinson, Donald Joseph .....	Walnut, Iowa
Schultz, John Ignatius .....	Duluth, Minnesota
Shamp, Gladys Juanita .....	Omaha
*Ticknor, Earle Virgil .....	Omaha

### RECAPITULATION

Freshman .....	32
Sophomore .....	18
Junior .....	25
Senior .....	23
Total .....	98

\*In Military Service.



## GRADUATES

Aldrich, Carl J. ....	Rosalie, 1912
*Barnard, William .....	Decatur, 1915
*Barrett, Frank A. (A. B., Creighton).....	Fort Omaha, 1916
Barrett, Patrick J. (A M., Creighton).....	Greeley, 1914
Beal, Henry J., Jr. ....	Omaha, 1916
Becker, Clarence E. ....	Omaha, 1915
*Beveridge, John V. (Ph. B., Creighton) Lieutenant.....	
.....	Camp Lewis, American Lake, Washington, 1916
Bigelow, Anson H. (B. S., Nebraska) .....	Omaha, 1912
Boehler, Edwin C. ....	Alma, 1915
Boler, James P. ....	Greeley, 1907
Boyle, Hugh J. ....	O'Neill, 1910
Boyle, John J. ....	Trinidad, Colorado, 1910
Boyle, Wilfred J. ....	O'Neill, 1915
Breen, Joseph W. ....	Humphrey, 1916
Bremers, Rudolph H. ....	Omaha, 1916
Brome, Charles L. ....	Worland, Wyoming, 1908
*Brome, Clinton, Major.....	Camp Cody, Deming, New Mexico, 1908
*Brossard, Matthew V. ....	Camp Grant, Rockford, Illinois, 1915
Brungardt, Alexander F. (A. B., St. Benedict's; A. M., Creighton) .....	Omaha, 1913
Burger, Joseph O. ....	Omaha, 1913
Burke, Charles S. (A. B., Creighton).....	Omaha, 1908
*Burke, Donald J., Lieutenant .....	Camp Dodge, Iowa, 1912
*Bushman, George F. (A. B., Creighton).....	Omaha, 1916
*Caldwell, John H. (A. B., Yale) Lieutenant .....	
.....	Camp Black Point, Jacksonville, Florida, 1915
Chapman, Lawrence .....	O'Neill, 1915
Cherniss, Harry L. ....	Council Bluffs, Iowa, 1916
Coffey, Raymond T. (Ph. B., Notre Dame).....	Omaha, 1912
Cohan, Samuel H. ....	Omaha, 1915
*Connelly, James F., Lieutenant, Camp Cody, Deming, New Mexico,	1913
Connolly, Cornelius F. (A. B., Creighton).....	Omaha, 1915
Cowles, Carl C. ....	Council Bluffs, Iowa, 1916
Craney, Howard H. (A. M., Creighton)....	Marshalltown, Iowa, 1913
*Cronin, Julius D. ....	Kelly Field, South San Antonio, Texas, 1916
Cunningham, Benjamin .....	Grand Island, 1910
Day, L. B. (A. M., Creighton).....	Omaha, 1914
DeDual, Andrew B. ....	Atchison, Kansas, 1915
Delehant, John W. (A. M., Creighton).....	Beatrice, 1913
Donahoe, William J. (A. B., Creighton).....	Albion, 1911
Donnelly, M. Joseph .....	Cedar Rapids, Iowa, 1907
Dougherty, Edward F. ....	Omaha, 1916
Doyle, Morgan J. . .	Casper, Wyoming, 1916
Driscoll, Florence W. ....	Wichita, Kansas, 1911
Dunbar, Thomas E. ....	Detroit, Michigan, 1917
*Dunn, Charles V. ....	Emerson, 1915
*Elsasser, Albert W., Lieutenant .....	Fort Crook, 1916
†Fearon, Edward E. ....	1912
*Fetterman, Albert D., Major .....	Fort Sam Houston, Texas, 1912

\*In Military Service.

Finerty, Hugh P. ....	Neola, Iowa, 1916
Flanery, Charles .....	Guthrie Center, Iowa, 1913
*Fletcher, Chester D. ....	Schuyler, 1913
*Flood, Charles P. ....	Marine Barracks, Mare Island, California, 1916
Fraser, William C. ....	Omaha, 1908
Gallagher, Henry M. ....	Waseca, Minnesota, 1910
Gantz, Harry E. ....	Alliance, 1916
Geiselman, Dana C. ....	Geneva, 1912
Gillespie, Hugh F. (A. M., Creighton) .....	Omaha, 1916
Gleeson, James J. ....	Fremont, 1915
Gogerty, David L. ....	Sheridan, Wyoming, 1908
Green, Joseph F. ....	Creighton, 1906
Green, William R. ....	Buhl, Idaho, 1911
Greer, Julius L. ....	Blackfoot, Idaho, 1910
Griffith, Walter L. ....	Wilmington, North Carolina, 1912
Grodzinsky, William .....	Omaha, 1913
*Gross, Daniel J. ....	Naval Headquarters, Seattle, Washington, 1916
Grunden, Ernest T. ....	Elwood, 1909
Haffke, Charles .....	Washington, Arkansas, 1908
Hanley, James H. ....	Washington, D. C., 1910
*Hanley, Leo J., Lieutenant. ....	American Expeditionary Forces, 1917
*Hannon, Emmett T., Lieutenant .....	Fort Sill, Oklahoma, 1914
Harper, Hugh H. ....	Omaha, 1910
Hebenstreit, Frank A. ....	Falls City, 1915
Henely, Amos E. (A. M., Creighton) .....	Omaha, 1909
Hogan, Edward D. (A. B., Creighton) .....	Cascade, Iowa, 1908
*Hopkins, John H., Lieutenant .....	Camp Lewis, American Lake, Washington, 1913
Horan, Philip E. (A. M., Creighton) .....	Omaha, 1913
*Hoye, Walter W. ....	Omaha, 1912
Hronek, Walter C. (A. B., Creighton) .....	Schuyler, 1914
Ineichen, Leo E. (A. B., Creighton) .....	Minneapolis, Minnesota, 1914
Jacobson, Jesse E. ....	Omaha, 1914
Jamieson, William N. (A. B., St. Mary's) .....	Omaha, 1910
*Jaquith, Arthur B., Captain .....	Camp Dodge, Iowa, 1913
Johnson, Franklin .....	Omaha, 1915
Katleman, Carl C. ....	Omaha, 1914
Kavanagh, Louis D. (A. B., Creighton) .....	Omaha, 1915
Kean, Eugene J. ....	Cascade, Iowa, 1916
Keegan, Francis R. (A. B., St. Thomas) .....	Omaha, 1914
Keenan, Thomas J. (A. B., Creighton) .....	Omaha, 1915
*Kelley, William P., Lieutenant .....	Camp Funston, Kansas, 1916
Kelly, Frank .....	Merna, 1906
*Keyser, George A. (A. M., Creighton) Lieutenant. ....	American Expeditionary Forces, 1913
Lanigan, James M. (A. B., Creighton) .....	Greeley, 1910
Leary, Edward F. (A. M., Creighton) .....	Omaha, 1907
*Lee, George A., Sergeant .....	American Expeditionary Forces, 1916
Loomis, Walter T. ....	Omaha, 1912
*Lovely, Joseph M. (A. B., Creighton) .....	Omaha, 1914

\*In Military Service.

†Deceased.

Lowry, Leo R .....	Omaha, 1917
Lynch, William P. (A. B., Creighton) .....	Omaha, 1906
*McAvoy, Preston T. (A. B., Creighton), Fort Sam Houston, Texas, 1917	
McCaffrey, C. Joseph (A. B., Creighton) .....	Omaha, 1907
McCaffrey, Owen P. ....	Omaha, 1912
McCartan, Clement B. ....	Pocohontas, Iowa, 1911
*McCarthy, Edmund H. ....	Camp Funston, Kansas, 1914
McCarthy, Paul J. ....	Enid, Oklahoma, 1915
McCarville, T. Harry .....	Atlantic, Iowa, 1917
McCulloch, Hugh (A. B., Knox) .....	Omaha, 1915
McDermott, Edward B. ....	Kearney, 1910
McDermott, James V. ....	Shelton, 1916
*McDonald, Edward P., Corporal .....	Camp Funston, Kansas, 1916
*McGovern, Martin J. ....	Denver, Colorado, 1916
*McGuckin, James T. ....	Omaha, 1913
*McGuiggan, Robert F., Lieutenant .....	Camp Funston, Kansas, 1917
McGuire, Thomas J. ....	Omaha, 1914
*McHale, Wm. H. ....	American Expeditionary Forces, 1917
McMurphy, Edward H. (B. S., Illinois College) ..	Hillsdale, Illinois, 1907
McNally, Patrick H. (A. B., Detroit) .....	Chicago, Illinois, 1911
McNally, Robert E. (A. B., Creighton) .....	Sheridan, Wyoming, 1909
McVann, Edward J. ....	Washington, D. C., 1914
*McVeigh, J. Gerald, Corporal .....	Camp Funston, Kansas, 1912
Madden, Raphael J. ....	Omaha, 1913
Magney, Lloyd A. ....	Omaha, 1913
Maher, William J. ....	Blair, 1916
Mahlin, Eugene L. (B. S., Fremont) .....	Fremont, 1915
Malm, Carl R. ....	Omaha, 1913
*Malm, Frank O., Lieutenant .....	Camp Dodge, Iowa, 1916
Marshall, Floyd W. (Ph. G., Creighton) .....	Omaha, 1914
Matthai, Claude B. ....	Omaha, 1915
Matthews, Francis P. (A. M., Creighton) .....	Omaha, 1913
Merten, George H. (A. B., Creighton) .....	Omaha, 1907
Messmore, Fred W. ....	Beatrice, 1912
Miller, Martin H. (Ph. D., Notre Dame) .....	Cleveland, Ohio, 1913
Mitchell, Edwin D. ....	Council Bluffs, Iowa, 1915
Monsky, Henry .....	Omaha, 1912
Moonan, Joseph W. ....	Waseca, Minnesota, 1911
*Moran, John O. ....	Mare Island, California, 1914
More, Walter T. ....	Omaha, 1914
*Morgan, Chester L., Lieutenant .....	Camp Upton, N. Y., 1917
*Morgan, Vere A., Lieutenant .....	Camp Funston, Kansas, 1916
Mossman, Harland K. (A. B., Morningside; A. M., Creighton) ...	Omaha, 1909
Murray, Thomas B. ....	Omaha, 1910
*Negley, John I., Lieutenant ..	Camp Grant, Battle Creek, Michigan, 1906
Nicholas, Edmund J. ....	Omaha, 1914
O'Keefe, Thomas J. (B. S., Coe) .....	Omaha, 1913
Organ, Richard J. ....	1906
O'Sullivan, Eugene D. ....	Omaha, 1910
Parmenter, Guy N. ....	Wahoo, 1913

Pratt, George W. ....	Omaha, 1914
*Proctor, Arthur W., Captain.....	American Expeditionary Forces, 1910
Rademacher, Gerard V. (A. M., Creighton).....	Crete, 1913
Reed, Eldridge G. ....	Miller, 1916
*Reel, John W. ....	Omaha, 1915
Regner, Kilian G. ....	Omaha, 1912
*Robertson, Hugh C. (A. B., University of Nebraska).....	Camp Funston, Kansas, 1911
*Robins, Edward J. ....	Berkeley, California, 1915
Rooney, William P. ....	Chadron, 1909
Rosenblum, Arthur ....	Omaha, 1912
Ross, Winfield R. ....	Omaha, 1913
Ruplinger, Richard B. ....	Orleans, 1913
*Ryan, Leonard L., Lieutenant ....	Camp Dodge, Iowa, 1915
*Ryan, Mark J. (A. B., Creighton).....	Pender, 1915
Ryan, Roger R. ....	Gillette, Wyoming, 1916
Ryman, Arthur E. ....	1910
Schall, William A. (A. M., Creighton) ....	Omaha, 1907
Schick, Bertha I. ....	Omaha, 1916
Schleh, Vernon S. ....	Omaha, 1916
Schneider, Louis J. ....	Council Bluffs, Iowa, 1908
Schnell, Arthur P. ....	Sturgis, South Dakota, 1906
Schopp, J. Walter (A. B., Creighton).....	Omaha, 1910
Schrempp, Charles F. ....	Omaha, 1913
Scott, Walter H. (A. B., Creighton) ....	Davenport, Iowa, 1913
*Setz, Louis W., Lieutenant ....	Fort Crook, 1914
*Shackelford, Henry W. ....	Fort Sam Houston, Texas, 1910
Shannon, John J. ....	Omaha, 1916
†Shaw, William H. ....	1910
*Sheehan, Francis E. ....	Berkeley, California, 1916
*Shields, Roland D. ....	Camp Douglas, Utah, 1912
Shotwell, Ross R. ....	Omaha, 1916
Silver, Francis A. ....	Butte, Montana, 1916
†Smith, Howard ....	1912
Somers, Louis J. ....	New Haven, Connecticut, 1909
Spillane, John J. ....	New Richland, Minnesota, 1910
Sprecher, John C. ....	Schuyler, 1916
Stanoshek, William T. (A. M., St. Mary's) ....	Odell, 1912
Sternberg, William P. (A. B., Creighton).....	Omaha, 1910
Stough, Dale P. ....	Grand Island, 1911
Stuart, Robert, (A. M., Creighton) ....	Pawhuska, Oklahoma, 1908
Stumbo, John D. ....	Livonia, New York, 1915
*Sugarman, George F., Lieutenant ....	Fort Benjamin Harrison, Indiana, 1915
Sullivan, Joseph R. (A. B., Creighton).....	Laramie, Wyoming, 1908
Svoboda, Edward J. ....	Omaha, 1916
Swift, Hubert J. ....	Omaha, 1917
Thielen, Charles J. (A. M., Creighton).....	Humphrey, 1911
*Thompson, Lloyd G. ....	American Expeditionary Forces, 1915
Van Orsdel, Ralph A. (A. B., University of Nebraska)....	Omaha, 1910

\*In Military Service.

†Deceased.

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Ward, Ferdinand M. ....	O'Neill, 1912
Ward, Peter F. ....	Hot Springs, South Dakota, 1910
*Webb, Robert J. ....	Camp Funston, Kansas 1912
Weingarten, John W. ....	Omaha, 1914
*Weisenhorn, Paul G. (A. B., St. Francis Solanus) Lieutenant....	
.....	American Expeditionary Forces, 1916
Welch, William P. ....	Missouri Valley, Iowa, 1916
West, Ralph M. (A. B., Iowa College; A. M., Creighton)...	Omaha, 1910
Wheeler, Perry, MacD. (B. S., Bellevue) .....	Omaha, 1915
Whelan, John W. ....	Casper, Wyoming, 1913
Wilkinson, William J. ....	Marengo, Iowa, 1916
Young, Raymond G. ....	Omaha, 1908
Zitnik, Julius J. ....	Omaha, 1911

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\*In Military Service.









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1919/20

**THE CREIGHTON UNIVERSITY BULLETIN**

VOLUME ELEVEN  
NUMBER TWO

MARCH FIFTEENTH  
1 9 1 9

**COLLEGE OF LAW**

ANNOUNCEMENT

1919-1920



The  
Creighton University Press  
OMAHA  
1919

Published semi-monthly from March to June inclusive by The Creighton University, Omaha, Nebraska. Entered as Second Class matter, March 1, 1919, at the Post Office at Omaha, Nebraska, under the Act of July 16, 1894.

## CALENDAR

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### 1919

September 17-18—Wednesday and Thursday, Autumn Registration.  
Examinations to remove conditions.

September 19—Friday, Autumn Quarter Classes Commence.

November 27-29—Thursday to Saturday, inclusive. Thanksgiving Recess.

December 4-5—Thursday and Friday, Autumn Quarter Examinations.

December 6—Saturday, Winter Registration.

December 8—Monday, Winter Quarter Classes Commence.

December 22-January 4, 1920—Monday to Sunday, inclusive, Christmas Recess.

### 1920

February 7—Saturday, Founders' Day. Holiday.

March 4-5—Thursday and Friday, Winter Quarter Examinations.

March 8-12—Monday to Friday, inclusive, Spring Recess.

March 13—Saturday, Spring Registration.

March 15—Monday, Spring Quarter Classes Commence.

April 2—Good Friday, Holiday.

May 27-29—Thursday and Friday, Spring Quarter Examinations.

June 5—Saturday, Commencement.



## FACULTY

ALEXANDER J. BURROWES, S. J., Acting President of the University.

PAUL L. MARTIN, A. M., LL. B., Dean and Professor of Law.

HUGH F. GILLESPIE, A. M., LL. M., Librarian and Professor of Law.

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ANSON H. BIGELOW, B. S., LL. B., Professor of Law.

\*DONALD J. BURKE, LL. B., Professor of Law.

JAMES M. FITZGERALD, A. B., LL. B., Professor of Law.

NEAL D. REARDON, A. M., LL. B., Professor of Law.

WILLIAM P. STERNBERG, A. B., LL. B., Professor of Law.

LOUIS J. TePOEL, A. M., LL. B., Professor of Law.

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JOHN A. BENNEWITZ, A. B., LL. B., Lecturer on Conveyancing.

FRANCIS CASSILLY, S. J., Lecturer on Legal Ethics.

WILLIAM C. FRASER, LL. B., Lecturer on Practice.

EDWARD F. LEARY, A. M., LL. B., Lecturer on Bankruptcy.

DUNCAN M. VINSONHALER, LL. B., Lecturer on Nebraska Practice.

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MARY P. HINCHEY, Secretary to the Dean.

M. ISABELLE KEYSER, Assistant in the Office.

HELEN E. MULVEHILL, Assistant in the Office.

MARCELLA F. HOULTON, Assistant in the Library.

ELIZABETH J. DORAN, Assistant in the Library.

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\*Absent on leave in Military Service.

## HISTORICAL SKETCH

The Creighton University, founded in 1878, takes its name from Edward Creighton, one of the pioneers of the West, who died intestate on November 5, 1874, leaving his wife, Mary Lucretia Creighton, his sole heir. Though free to use her fortune as she pleased, she determined to carry out the oft-expressed intention of her late husband to found a free college for boys, and in her will, dated September 23, 1875, she bequeathed One Hundred Thousand Dollars for this purpose "as a memorial of my late husband." Mrs. Creighton died on January 23, 1876.

Count John A. Creighton, brother of Edward, was one of the executors of Mrs. Creighton's will. Loyally discharging his trust, he watched the new institution gradually take form and became, in time, its largest benefactor, leaving it, on his death (which occurred February 7, 1907), with a substantial endowment and a plant comprising eight large buildings specially constructed for educational purposes.

The University, which was the outgrowth of the College, now includes The Creighton University High School, as well as Colleges of Arts and Sciences, Law, Medicine, Dentistry and Pharmacy. Thanks to the Creighton generosity, tuition is free in the High School and the College of Arts; the charges are moderate in the Professional schools. The University's enrollment, including the Summer Session, was 1,061 for the year 1918-1919; the alumni number about two thousand. Under the terms of the foundation the High School and College of Arts are open only to men, but the professional schools are co-educational. While the control of the University is vested in the Jesuits—one of the teaching orders of the Catholic Church—no distinction is made as to creed or race in any of the departments.

## COLLEGE OF LAW

The College of Law was opened in 1904 in temporary quarters provided by the College of Medicine, and removed the following year to its present building, the Edward Creighton Institute, which was erected by the University for educational purposes and is now the home of the Colleges of Law and Dentistry.

The Creighton College of Law is a member of the Association of American Law Schools.

## PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The object of the course offered is to fit the graduate for practice in any place where the common law prevails. While the historical development of the law is patiently traced, and due attention is paid to the cultivation of the so-called "legal-mind," the practical phase of the law is not forgotten, and no opportunity is lost to so prepare the students that they may, on graduation, engage successfully in the practice of their profession.

The teaching is for the most part in the hands of full-time men, but certain courses are taught by practitioners, thus insuring a well-balanced course, and the ideal of the school—effective preparation for the bar—is measurably attained. Emphasis is put upon the importance of careful daily work, and by frequent quiz, required attendance and written examinations, thoroughness is constantly inculcated. Intimate personal contact between teachers and students is encouraged. The policy of the school is to so prepare its students that they will have some idea of the genius of the common law, a love and a capacity for study, and an ethical standard which will encourage adherence to the best traditions of the bar. Latent qualities of leadership are developed and every opportunity is afforded the earnest student to make the most of his talents, not only for his own personal gratification and profit, but particularly for the welfare of his fellows.

The school is located a half block from the Douglas County Court House, where seven divisions of the District Court and the County Court are constantly in session; four blocks from the Federal Building, where the United States District Court holds its sessions, eight blocks from the Police Court, and within from one to two blocks of the Justice of the Peace and Municipal Courts. The students may therefore observe the practical workings of the law as exhibited in the trial of cases, the probate of estates, etc., and for those who find leisure, the many law offices of the city, most of them within two blocks of the school, afford still further opportunities for gaining a practical knowledge of the conduct of a law office.

Instruction is offered in both day and evening classes, the day course covering three years and the evening course four years. The evening classes, which have been in operation since September 1, 1909, do not lead to a degree but serve both to prepare for bar examinations and to give persons engaged in business those special helps which are to be found only in the law.

## METHOD OF INSTRUCTION

The Case System is followed, though each teacher is free to adapt it in such a manner as will, in his judgment, prove most effective. For the most part the work is prescribed, though certain elections are allowed as shown on page 19.

Thoroughness is not sacrificed and due emphasis is put upon the importance of careful analysis, but neither is proper breadth overlooked, and the students are trained, as far as possible, in the whole body of the fundamental law. Exhaustive investigation of reliable source material is encouraged and scant courtesy is paid to mere assumption; the law is presented as a plastic body of principles capable of infinite variety both in statement and application, not as a hard and fast code to be memorized as if it were incapable of further development. As far as possible, the student is trained to rely upon his own industry and intelligence in discovering the law, and not to accept it upon the ipse dixit of the staff.

Mere method is not idealized and the law's content receives due emphasis to the end that the graduate may bring to his work as a practitioner not only a zeal for thoroughness and an intensely critical attitude toward arbitrary statement of the law, but also a working knowledge of the repositories of the law and of the practical methods by which legal wrongs are to be redressed. As far as may be, the lawyer's attitude and the atmosphere of court and office are given prominent place in the interest of efficiency; customary preparatory school-room methods, ideals and viewpoints do not prevail.

## MOOT COURTS

A comprehensive system of Moot Courts is maintained and the various stages of litigation are illustrated. The class room instruction in Pleading, Trial Practice, Evidence, Criminal Procedure, Justice Practice and Probate Procedure is supplemented by required work in the practice courts which are divided into four sections: one devoted to Justice and Probate work; one to jurisdiction in chambers, equity trials and preliminary matters; one to the conduct of jury cases, both civil and criminal; and the other to the hearing of cases of appeal.

Justice and Probate work is assigned to the Juniors as attorneys, the cases being tried on prepared statements of fact. District Court cases are tried by the Seniors, with the Juniors acting as witnesses and the Freshmen as jurors. In the Appellate Court the Seniors sit



as Associate Justices with a member of the Faculty presiding as Chief Justice; each Associate must write an opinion in two cases. Senior cases are based on actual court records and are made to conform, as far as possible, to the reality. Pleadings are filed, process issued, motions and demurrers argued, witnesses examined, exhibits introduced, objections made, exceptions taken, instructions prepared, trial briefs written, and orders drawn for signature by the Judge of the Court. On appeal, each attorney is required to file a carefully written brief which he must supplement by oral argument to the Court. Every session of the various courts is presided over by a member of the faculty and the entire course of practice must be satisfactorily completed by every candidate for a degree. Attendance at the jury trials is compulsory for every student in the school, and a written report must be presented by each student upon each case tried. As there are about ten such cases per year, the graduate will have attended at least thirty cases during his course and will thus have familiarized himself with the proper method of conducting jury trials. Interest is keen in the litigation and an atmosphere of serious attention pervades the work.

The school has two court rooms, each furnished with all the necessary equipment for the proper handling of litigated questions.

### PUBLIC SPEAKING, PARLIAMENTARY LAW AND CONTEMPORARY LEGISLATION

The course on Parliamentary Law, which is of obligation for all Freshmen, is intended to prepare the students for the work of the Model House, a miniature legislative assembly, which is organized along the lines of the National House of Representatives and the Lower House of the State Legislature.

At the close of the school-year a Speaker, Chief Clerk and Journal Clerk are elected by the students from among their number for the following year. These officers, in conjunction with the various committees appointed by the Speaker, are responsible for the work of the House. The course on Parliamentary Law is given by a member of the faculty who is also present at every meeting of the House to give his advice when appealed to.

Every student in the school must attend and participate in the work of the House. At the opening session, the Speaker announces the districts which the members are to represent and the committees to which the various bills introduced are referred. The Speaker presides at each session but turns the chair over to members of the Senior Class during the deliberations of the Committee of the Whole.



Each member of the upper classes is required to draft and introduce two bills at each session. The bills presented by the Seniors for discussion during the first half of the session must be prepared during the summer vacation for committee action shortly after school opens. As only subjects of importance in the field of contemporary legislation are considered, the Seniors in charge of the various bills obtain valuable experience at Committee meetings in the attempt to have bills moulded as they desire. This necessitates a careful study of the existing law and of the defects to be remedied and affords no end of helpful training in marshalling one's facts, and clearly presenting them in the attempt to persuade the committee to take the desired action.

All bills must pass through the hands of the Sifting Committee which selects those likely to prove most valuable for discussion. Once the selection is made, the designated bills are made special order for a particular day and three members of the House are appointed to support and three to oppose the measure. When their debate has closed, the bills are thrown open for general discussion and for such action as the members think fit.

The House as organized and conducted serves several very useful purposes: it gives opportunity for practicing parliamentary law; imparts a fair knowledge of contemporary problems in legislation; gives effective drill in committee work; teaches those who are to enforce the law the method by which laws are made; and provides incentive and opportunity for improving oneself in the art of public speaking.

## LIBRARY FACILITIES

The Law Library contains over 18,000 volumes, comprising most of the American, English and Canadian Reports, together with an extensive collection of session laws and statutes of the various states of the United States and the provinces of Canada, together with the English Statutes. There are also files of all the important English and Canadian Legal Periodicals, in addition to an extensive collection of American Legal Periodicals. The text-book department contains several thousand volumes of the various editions of the standard texts. The collection of briefs contains an almost complete set of the briefs filed in the Supreme Court of Nebraska.

About five thousand dollars a year is spent in purchase of new books for the library. The importance of a working knowledge of law books is emphasized by the course in Legal Bibliography which is of obligation for every student. The purpose is to familiarize the

class with the most thorough and quickest method of securing the law upon a given point and to this end the lectures are supplemented by careful drill in the library. The preparation of trial briefs and of briefs on appeal in the Moot Courts affords additional opportunity of becoming acquainted with the books and experience shows that the facility thus gained is of great practical value to the graduates.

The general library of the University is also open to those registered in the Law School. In addition, the students may enjoy the use of the Omaha Public Library (two blocks distant from the school) containing more than 100,000 volumes.

### ARRANGEMENT OF HOURS

The school year is divided into three quarters. The day course embraces three years of thirty-seven weeks each; the evening course four years of thirty-seven weeks each. The day lectures are given from Monday to Friday inclusive, beginning at eight o'clock in the morning and ending at ten, eleven, or twelve o'clock according to the schedule for the particular day; the evening lectures are given on Monday to Friday, beginning at 6:20 o'clock and ending at eight or eight-thirty o'clock, according to the schedule for the particular evening.

The sessions of Division No. 1 of the Moot Court and of the Model House are held on Friday evenings at eight-thirty o'clock. During the first part of the semester the meetings are devoted to the Moot Court, during the latter part to the Model House. Attendance at these meetings is compulsory for all students. Committee meetings in connection with the Model House are subject to call of the Speaker.

The sessions of Division No. 2 of the Moot Court are held on Tuesday morning, and attendance is required on the part of the Seniors.

### ADMISSION

Applicants who present at least thirty hours of college credit, in addition to fifteen high school units, will be received as candidates for the degree. Other applicants, not thus qualified, will be received in the evening classes, but may not become applicants for degrees.

In no event will an applicant be registered as a candidate for the degree until there has been filed in the office of the Dean a proper certificate showing in detail the preliminary training of the student. Blank forms for this purpose are provided for the use of preparatory schools and colleges. Persons intending to register in the College of Law for the first time should make early application, on a blank

which may be secured from the office. It is important that the application be filed as early as possible in order that proper credentials may be obtained from the preparatory schools and colleges before the student presents himself for matriculation. Intending applicants are urged to take as much History, English, Political Economy, and Foreign Language as possible in preparation for the law course.

## ADVANCED STANDING

Students presenting proper credentials from law schools belonging to the Association of American Law Schools will be received as members of that class for which their previous training fits them, providing their preliminary education satisfies the requirement of the school as outlined under the preceding section entitled, "Admission." Students presenting proper credentials from law schools not members of the Association of American Law Schools will, in exceptional cases, be admitted to the junior class upon passing satisfactory examinations in Contracts, Torts and Real and Personal Property. No credit will be given for office or correspondence study.

## PRELEGAL COURSES

On account of the higher requirements now obtaining in the law colleges of the United States, prelegal courses are provided in the College of Liberal Arts and Sciences, and it is urged that the prospective law student take three or four years of these courses in preparation for his law studies. Two kinds of programs are there given: one for students who wish to spend one or two years in preparatory work, not as candidates for an academic degree, but solely to equip themselves better for law studies; the other for students who enter as candidates for an academic degree, (A. B., B. S., Ph. B., Litt. B.) but expect afterwards to pursue a course in law.

### I. PRELEGAL STUDENTS, NOT CANDIDATES FOR AN ACADEMIC DEGREE ONE YEAR COURSE

FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER
English 1..... 3	English .2..... 3
Foreign Language..... 4	Foreign Language ..... 4
History or Social Science..... 3	History or Social Science..... 3
Philosophy ..... 5	Philosophy ..... 5
<hr/> 15	<hr/> 15

## TWO YEAR COURSE

First year as outlined above.

Second year:

FIRST SEMESTER		SECOND SEMESTER	
English 3.....	3	English 4.....	3
Ethics .....	3	Ethics .....	3
Foreign Language.....	4	Foreign Language.....	4
History or Social Science.....	3	History or Social Science.....	3
Public Speaking.....	2	Public Speaking.....	2
<hr/>		<hr/>	
15		15	

II. PRELEGAL STUDENTS WHO ARE CANDIDATES FOR ACADEMIC  
DEGREES—THREE YEAR COURSE

When the prelegal student has chosen the degree for which he wishes to be a candidate, his program of studies will be so arranged that within three years he will be able to complete the subjects required for his prospective degree. The elective subjects may be chosen from the courses offered at the Law School.

## FOUR YEAR COURSE

Candidates intending to spend four years in academic work will have their program of studies made up from the schedules given for the various academic degrees, the program differing according to the degree the student has in view.

## EXAMINATIONS

Written examinations are held at the end of each quarter; students attaining a satisfactory grade will not be required to pass any other examination in the same subject matter, unless to remove a time condition. Students failing to attain a passing grade will be conditioned, the condition being removable by satisfactory re-examination during the following quarter only; if the grade for a course be below sixty per cent, the student must repeat the subject in class. No student will be permitted to advance to the work of the second or third year as a regular student, if there be two or more conditions against him, whether for failure in examinations or lack of required attendance.

## DEGREE

The degree Bachelor of Laws (LL. B.) is conferred upon:

1st. Students who, having satisfied the entrance requirements, have completed the full day course of instruction in the College of Law.

2nd. Those who, having been regularly admitted to advanced standing, have satisfactorily completed that part of the course for which they were not given credit on entrance.



## TUITION AND FEES

The annual charge for instruction, including the use of a set of books, is \$150.00 in the Day Classes and \$120.00 in the Night Classes, payable quarterly. Each student also receives, without additional expense, a ticket entitling him to the use of the gymnasium, admission to the various University athletic and musical events, as well as a year's subscription to the University magazine and paper.

All bills are due and payable within ten days after the beginning of the particular quarter. Students who wish to pay in installments may do so upon the condition that all payments are made before the commencement of the quarter examinations. Deferred payments will be subject to an additional charge of \$3.00 per quarter. A special charge of \$3.00 will be made for late registration.

## LIVING EXPENSES

Board and lodging may be had for \$24.00 and upward per month, depending on the tastes of the individual. Suitable rooming places may be found within a ten minutes' walk of the school; meals may be obtained either by the week at nearby boarding houses, for about \$5.00 per week, or in the many restaurants and cafes of the city at prices varying with the patron's choice. Furnished rooms may be had at from \$7.00 per month upward for one occupant, or \$10.00 per month upward for two persons.

The cost of clothing, laundry, incidentals, board and room, need not be more than \$300.00 per year, but of course, will depend upon the habits of the individual.

## SELF SUPPORT

Omaha affords such opportunities for student employment as are to be found in cities of its size, with this advantage that the student population bears a smaller proportion to the total number of inhabitants than in many college towns. The school is located near the heart of the city's retail mercantile and office-building section, where hundreds of people are employed at positions suitable for students. Alert, deserving, experienced men have, as a rule, little difficulty in finding a desirable place at least after they have been on the ground for a few weeks. Intending students are cautioned, however, not to come empty-handed; the school does not guarantee positions, though it will be glad to help as much as possible. To this end, a Bureau of Information has been established for the free use of self-supporting students.



## STUDENT ORGANIZATIONS AND ATHLETIC PRIVILEGES

The University Glee Club, Orchestra and Band are open to law students who desire to develop their musical talents. The Band appears at all of the foot ball games and the Orchestra and Glee Club give one or more formal as well as several informal concerts during the year.

Both the Delta Theta Phi and Gamma Eta Gamma Legal Fraternities have local chapters in the school. The 'Varsity Mixers' Club, which has charge of all University dances, and the 'Varsity Boosters' Club, which takes a prominent part in football demonstrations, are open to law students.

The new gymnasium recently completed on the Arts campus offers exceptional opportunities for health exercise and recreation as well as for participation in athletic events. The building and equipment cost about One Hundred and Forty Thousand Dollars. A physical director has charge of the gymnasium and will cheerfully co-operate with the students in enabling them to secure the utmost of advantage from this latest addition to the university facilities. Handball, squash, bowling, wrestling, boxing, running, jumping, billiards, swimming and aquatic contests, basket-ball, and the various other pastimes appropriate to a university gymnasium are amply provided for. Each student may receive a physical examination and expert advice as to the kind of exercise he needs, and, if adapted for the 'varsity sports, will be given a chance to compete for a place.

## ADMISSION TO THE BAR

The Nebraska legislature of 1907 passed a bill permitting law schools approved by the Supreme Court to present their graduates for admission on motion without examination, provided that no school should be accorded this privilege which was not a member of the Association of American Law Schools. The following copy of a decree of the Nebraska Supreme Court, under date of December 3, 1907, is self-explanatory:

### SUPREME COURT OF NEBRASKA,

September term, 1907.

Dec. 3.

In the Matter of the Creighton College of Law:

Now, on this third day of December, 1907, this matter having come on to be heard on the application of The Creighton University, and the showing filed in support thereof, the Court finds:

First—That Creighton College of Law is a department of The Creighton University.

Second—That said Creighton College of Law is a college of law in this state, having entrance requirements and a course of study equal and equivalent to those of the law school of the University of Nebraska.

Third—The said Creighton College of Law is a member of the Association of American Law Schools.

It is therefore considered and ordered by the Court that Creighton College of Law be, and the same hereby is designated as a college of law whose graduates shall be admitted to the bar without examination.

(Signed) S. H. SEDGWICK,  
Chief Justice.

## COURSES IN OTHER DEPARTMENTS

Courses offered in other departments of the University are open to law students. Special attention is called to the opportunities offered in Modern Languages, History, Economics and Political Science.

## ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Grateful acknowledgment is made for the following donations to the Law Library:

C. E. Walsh.....	2 Volumes
Neal D. Reardon.....	10 Volumes
F. A. Brogan.....	71 Volumes
Ellery H. Westerfield.....	4 Volumes
Hon. George A. Day.....	100 Volumes
Julius J. Zitnik.....	22 Volumes
Mrs. R. S. Hall.....	150 Volumes
E. C. McDermott.....	1 Volume
James H. McCullough.....	150 Volumes
City National Bank .....	Current Documents
Corporation Trust Company.....	Current Documents
American Association for International Conciliation.....	Documents

## CURRICULUM

**Agency.** Nature and kind of Agency; competency of parties; subject-matter of agency; creation; extent, construction and constitution and execution of authority; delegation of authority; liability of principal to third persons; ratification; liability of agent to third party; undisclosed principal; duties and liabilities between principal and agent; termination of agency. Reinhard, Cases on the Law of Agency.

**Bankruptcy.** Jurisdiction: Federal; State; territorial jurisdiction; who may become bankrupts; prerequisites for adjudication: in voluntary proceedings; in involuntary proceedings; acts of bankruptcy; administration; receivers; provable claims; the trustee; exemptions; compositions; discharge. Holbrook & Aigler, Cases on Bankruptcy.

**Bills and Notes.** Negotiability; form and inception; form of bill and note; acceptance; general and qualified acceptances; instructive acceptance; delivery; consideration; negotiation; transfer by indorsement; transfer by delivery; holder in due course; liability of parties; maker and acceptor; drawer and indorser; transferror; discharge. Smith & Moore, Cases on Bills and Notes.

**Code Pleading.** Parties; splitting a cause of action; joinder of causes of action; the complaint or petition; the answer; the demurrer; the reply; motions; bills of particulars; amendment and aid; construction of pleading. Sunderland, Cases on Code Pleading.

**Common Law Pleading.** Forms of action; the nature and purpose of pleading; demurrers; the declaration; principles relating to pleas in general; traverses; affirmative pleas in bar; pleas in abatement; replication and subsequent pleading; amendment, aid and replender; parties to action. Sunderland, Cases in Common Law Pleading.

**Conflicts of Laws.** Jurisdiction; legislative power; concurrent legislative jurisdiction; nature of foreign law; comity; domicile; taxation; temporary presence; jurisdiction in rem; personal jurisdiction; jurisdiction quasi in rem; jurisdiction for divorce; right of action, procedure; law; jurisdiction over persons and things; jurisdiction of courts; right of action, procedure; personal rights; rights of property; inheritance; obligations ex delicto; obligations ex contractu; recognition and enforcement of rights; personal relations; property; inheritance; administration of estates; judgments; obligations. Beale, Shorter Selection of Cases on Conflicts.

**Constitutional Law.** Nature of the Federal constitution and its amendments; relation of the states and federal government; departments of government; legislative department; powers of the executive; judicial department; checks and balances in government; government of territories; admission of new states; constitutional rules of state comity; republican form of government; the amendments; civil rights and their guaranties; political privileges; protection to persons accused of crime; protection to contracts and property. McClain, Cases in Constitutional Law, Second Edition.

**Contracts.** Formation of simple contracts: Mutual assent, consideration; formation of contracts under seal: formalities of execution, delivery, consideration; parties affected by contracts; statute

of frauds; performance of contract; illegal contracts; contracts in restraint of trade, wagers and gaming contracts, contracts obstructing the administration of justice, contracts tending to corruption; discharge of contracts: novation, release, accord and satisfaction, alteration. Williston, Cases on Contracts.

**Conveyancing and Examination of Abstracts.** Preparation and examination of Abstracts of Title; practical drill and preparation of formal legal instruments affecting title to land; Torrens system of land registration. Warville, Abstracts.

**Criminal Law and Procedure.** Jurisdiction of crimes; constitutional rights of the accused; classification of crimes; the criminal act; conspiracy; mental element of crime; criminal responsibility; defenses; parties and crime; crimes against the person; crimes against the habitation. Derby, Cases on Criminal Law.

**Damages.** Damnum absque injuria; nominal damages; liquidation of damages; discretionary damages: aggravation, exemplary damages, mitigation; compensatory damages: direct and consequential damages, certainty of proof, entirety of recovery; non-pecuniary losses: pain, mental suffering; pecuniary condition of parties as affecting allowance of damages; damages in certain specific actions: tort actions, specific contract actions. Mechem & Gilbert, Cases on Damages.

**Equity.** Nature of equity jurisdiction; specific performance of contracts: partial performance with compensation, consideration, marketable title, statute of frauds, mistake, hardship; bills for an account; specific reparation and prevention of torts: waste, trespass, nuisance; bills of interpleader; bills of peace; bills of quia timet; reformation and rescission for mistake. Ames, Cases on Equity Jurisprudence.

**Evidence.** Eliminative rules: rules excluding autoptic proference, rules excluding circumstantial evidence, rules excluding testimonial evidence; preferential rules; preference for documentary originals, preference as between different kinds of witnesses; the hearsay rule; exception to the hearsay rule; hearsay not applicable; oath; sequestration of witnesses; discovery before trial; number and kind of witnesses; viatorial privilege; privileged topics; privileged relations; procedure of admissibility; to whom evidence is to be presented; by whom evidence is to be presented; of what facts no evidence need be presented. Wigmore, Select Cases on Evidence, Second Edition.

**Insurance.** Subject matter of the contract—insurable interest; making the contract; concealment; representations; warranties; implied conditions of forfeiture; waiver and estoppel; rights under the contract; construction of the policy—property insurance; other kinds of insurance. Vance, Cases on Insurance.

**International Law.** In time of peace: territorial rights of states, acquisition of territory, boundaries, change of sovereignty, territorial waters of a state; territorial jurisdiction; immunities of diplomatic agents; immunities of public ships; merchant vessels; right of asylum; jurisdiction on the high seas; nationality. In time of war: measures short of actual war, effects of war as between enemies,



relations between belligerents and neutrals. Scott, Cases on International Law.

**Introduction.** Forms of action; study of cases; organization of courts; sources of law; historical development of law; the code; struggle between civil and common law.

**Legal Bibliography.** Lectures and Laboratory work in the Library depicting the use of the Reporter system, the American Digest system, the L. R. A., Trinity and other Annotated series; the Citations; Corpus Juris, Cyc, Ruling Case Law and other encyclopedias. Particular stress is laid upon the briefing of points and the preparation of appeal briefs.

**Nebraska Practice.** Special practical drill in pleading and practice under Nebraska Code, including service, jurisdiction of courts, incidents of trial procedure, appeal, records, journal entries, instructions, typical forms of action.

**Legal Ethics.** History and organization of legal profession in the United States; the lawyers' qualifications; admission and discipline of lawyers; ethical duties of lawyers to courts; solicitation of legal business; ethical duties of lawyers in criminal cases; in civil cases; pecuniary relations of lawyers and clients. Costigan, Cases on Legal Ethics.

**Mortgages.** Nature of mortgage; elements of mortgage; incidents of mortgage relation; discharge of mortgages; assignment of mortgages; redemption; foreclosure; injunction and account; extent of the mortgage lien; priority between mortgage liens and competing claims to the land; conveyance of the equity of redemption. Durfee, Cases on Mortgages.

**Municipal Corporations.** Nature of municipal corporations; functions; external constitution: creation, alteration, dissolution, legislative control; internal constitution: organization, departments, officers; powers; liability: on contracts, for torts; remedies. Beale, Cases on Municipal Corporations.

**Partnership.** What constitutes a partnership; creation of a partnership; nature and characteristics of a partnership; nature, extent, and duration of partnership liability; powers of partners; rights and duties of partners inter se; remedies of partners inter se; rights and remedies of creditors; termination of partnership; limited partnerships. Gilmore, Cases on the Law of Partnership.

**Persons.** Husband and wife: contract to marry, contract of marriage, wife's contracts, property, torts and crimes; divorce and separation; parent and child: custody, chastisement, torts, legitimacy, adoption; infants: contracts, avoidance, ratification; torts and crimes; insanity; drunkenness; aliens. Woodruff, Cases on Domestic Relations and the Law of Persons, Second Edition.

**Property I and II.** Possession; purchase; judicial sale; statute of limitations; accession; confusion; gifts inter vivos; liens and pledges; conversion; rights of bailor; rights of converter; conveyancing; seisin and disseisin; rents; statute of uses; air; water; fixtures; emblements; waste; profits; easements; licenses; covenants running with the land. Warren, Cases on Property.



**Property III.** Acquisition of real estate inter vivos; original acquisition; lapse of time; form of conveyancing; releases; surrenders; description of property granted; boundaries; estates in fee simple; estates tail; estates for life; estates for years, from year to year, and at will; creation of easements and profits; covenants for title; estoppel by deed; execution of deeds; dedication. Gray, Cases on Property, Volume III.

**Public Utilities.** Public Service Companies: nature of public calling; obligations of public duty; excuses for refusing service; provision of adequate facilities; regulation of service; determination of reasonable rates; prohibition of unjust discrimination. Carriers: bailment and undertaking; conduct of the undertaking; failure in undertaking; end of undertaking; connecting services; charges and liens. Interstate Commerce Act: scope; duties of carriers under the act; functions of the Interstate Commerce Commission; functions of courts in the enforcement of the act. Wyman, Cases on Public Service Companies. Beale, Cases on Carriers. Frankfurter, Cases under the Interstate Commerce Act.

**Sales.** Nature and formalities of the contract; subject matter of sale; existing and future goods; goods or an interest in land; part payment; bargain and sale; specific goods; contract to sell; specific goods or future goods; *jus disponendi*, acceptance and receipt; sellers' duties; buyers' rights; sellers' duties; buyers' rights. Burdick, Cases on the Law of Sales.

**Suretyship.** Nature of the contract; collateral undertaking or guaranty; independent or absolute undertaking; defenses against the creditor; the surety's rights; subrogation to the rights of the creditor; indemnity; contribution; exoneration; creditors' rights to surety's securities. Ames, Cases on Law of Suretyship.

**Torts.** The damage element: Personal harms; societal harms; proprietary harms; mixed harms. The causation element: causation in general; active causation; culpable causation. The excuse element: Excuses based on plaintiff's own conduct or condition; excuses based on paramount community interests necessitating the plaintiff's individual sacrifice. Wigmore, Select Cases on Torts, Volumes I and II.

**Trial Practice.** Writs of summons; service and return of summons; appearance; continuance; the jury; right to open and close; opening statement of counsel; judgment on the pleading; demurrer to the evidence; dismissal, non suit, and directed verdict; instructing the jury; argument and conduct of counsel; special interrogatories; special verdicts; judgment notwithstanding the verdict; arrest of judgment; new trials; trial and findings by the court. Sunderland, Cases on Trial Practice.

**Trusts.** Nature and requisites of trusts; distinguished from debt, bailment, equitable charge, executorship; consideration; statute of frauds; statute of wills; *cestui que trust*; trustee; transfer of trust property; forfeiture; *disseisin*; extinguishment of a trust; duties of a trustee. Ames, Cases on Trusts.

**Wills and Administration.** Last will and testament; testamentary capacity and intent; wills and testaments distinguished from cer-

tain other dispositions of property; kinds of wills and testaments; execution; revocation of wills; republication and revival; descent; breaking descent; shifting descents; probate; grant and revocation of probate; title and powers of executors and administrators; payment of debts; payment of legacies and distributive shares. Costigan, Cases on Wills, Descent, and Administration.

## DAY CLASSES

The courses offered in each year, the quarter given, and the number of hours per week are indicated by the following outlines:

### FRESHMAN DAY

	First Quarter		Second Quarter		Third Quarter	
	Hours Per Week	Hours Credit	Hours Per Week	Hours Credit	Hours Per Week	Hours Credit
Agency .....	3	2	..	..	..	..
Common Law						
Pleading .....	..	..	..	..	3	2
Contracts .....	..	..	4	3	4	3
Crimes .....	4	3	..	..	..	..
Introduction .....	2	1	..	..	..	..
Legal Bibliography ..	..	..	2	1	..	..
Persons .....	3	2	..	..	..	..
Property .....	..	..	3	2	3	2
Torts .....	..	..	3	2	3	2

### JUNIOR YEAR

Code Pleading.....	4	3	..	..	..	..
Equity .....	..	..	4	3	4	3
Evidence .....	4	3	4	3	..	..
*Mortgages .....	..	..	..	..	3	2
Partnership .....	..	..	..	..	3	2
Property .....	3	2	3	2	..	..
*Trial Practice....	..	..	3	2	..	..
Sales .....	..	..	..	..	4	3

### SENIOR DAY

Bankruptcy .....	..	..	..	..	2	1
Bills and Notes... 4	3	..	..	..	..	..
*Conflicts .....	..	..	3	2	4	3
Constitutional Law 3	2	3	3	2	..	..
Corporations .....	4	3	4	3	..	..
*Insurance .....	..	..	..	..	3	2
*International Law ..	..	..	..	..	3	2
Legal Ethics .....	..	..	..	..	..	..
Municipal Corpora-						
tions .....	..	..	..	..	3	2
*Public Utilities... 3	2	..	..	..	..	..
*Suretyship .....	..	..	..	..	3	2
Trusts .....	..	..	4	3	4	3

\*Electives.

## NIGHT CLASSES

The following courses are offered in the evening classes:

## FRESHMAN YEAR

	First Quarter Hours Per Week	Hours Credit	Second Quarter Hours Per Week	Hours Credit	Third Quarter Hours Per Week	Hours Credit
Contracts .....	4	3	4	3	..	..
Crimes .....	4	3	..	..	..	..
Introduction .....	2	1	..	..	..	..
Legal Bibliography ..	..	..	..	..	2	1
Property .....	..	..	3	2	4	3
Torts .....	..	..	3	2	4	3

## SOPHOMORE YEAR

Agency .....	3	2	..	..	..	..
Code Pleading.....	..	..	..	..	4	3
Common Law						
Pleading .....	4	3	..	..	..	..
Justice Practice...	..	..	2	1	..	..
Partnership .....	..	..	..	..	3	2
Persons .....	3	2	..	..	..	..
Property II.....	..	..	4	3	3	2
Sales .....	..	..	4	3	..	..

## JUNIOR NIGHT

Bills and Notes...	..	..	..	..	4	3
Constitutional Law	3	2	3	2	..	..
Equity .....	..	..	3	2	4	3
Evidence .....	4	3	4	3	..	..
Probate Procedure ..	..	..	..	..	2	1
Trial Practice.....	3	2	..	..	..	..

## SENIOR NIGHT

Bankruptcy .....	..	..	2	1	..	..
Carriers .....	3	2	..	..	..	..
Corporations .....	4	3	4	3	..	..
Insurance .....	3	2	..	..	..	..
Municipal Corpora- tions .....	..	..	..	..	3	2
Suretyship .....	..	..	..	..	3	2
Trusts .....	..	..	4	3	4	3

## COLLEGE OF LAW ENROLLMENT 1918-1919

ABBREVIATIONS—(A), Arts College; (D), Dental College; (H), High School; (L), Law College; (M), Medical College; (P), Pharmacy College; (PG), Post Graduate; (n), night session; (s), summer session.

Numbers (1, 2, 3, 4), indicate the year of the course; sp, (special), denotes that the student did not fully satisfy the entrance requirements; ir, (irregular), denotes out of course; pt. (part time), denotes that less than minimum number of required hours were taken.

ABBOUD, PHILIP FERRIS (L1)	Omaha
ANDERSEN, OTTO MALMARK (Lnsp2)	Omaha
BARRITT, JOHN LEMUEL (Lsp1)	Union, Nebraska
BECKER, HENRY LAWRENCE (Lsp1)	Sutton, Nebraska
BEECHWOOD, GEORGE EUGENE (Lsp1)	Coffeyville, Kansas
BERCOVICI, MOSES ABRAHAM, (L2)	Omaha
BOHAN, PAUL MICHAEL (Lnsp3)	Omaha
BREMERs, HENRY JOHN, JR., B. S. of E. E. (Armour Institute) (L3)	Omaha
BURBRIDGE, ARTHUR LINCOLN (L1)	Logan, Iowa
BYRON, JOHN FRANCIS (L1)	Janesville, Minnesota
CALDWELL, HAROLD PATRICK (Lsp1)	Omaha
CHARNO, GEORGE HENRY (Ln3)	Omaha
CLENNON, EUGENE MARTIN, A. B. (Campion) (L3)	West Bend, Iowa
COBRY, JAMES EDWARD (Lnsp1)	Omaha
COLLINS, GEORGE BERNARD (Lsp2)	Waseca, Minnesota
CRANNY, JESSE DANIEL (Ln4)	Omaha
CRIMMINS, DAVID (Ln3)	Waseca, Minnesota
DELITALA, CLAUDIO (L3)	Omaha
DENNEY, ARTHUR JAMES (Ln4)	Council Bluffs, Iowa
DIESTEL, PETER AUGUST (Lsp1)	Omaha
DONNELLY, ELIZABETH FRANCES (Ln1)	Council Bluffs, Iowa
DORAN, WILLIAM JOSEPH (Lnsp1)	Omaha
EDERER, BERNARD FRANCIS (Lsp1)	Morton, Minnesota
ENGLES, THOMAS ANTHONY (Lsp1)	Auburn, Nebraska
ENGLISH, BENEDICT MICHAEL, Ph. B. 1916 (L3)	Monona, Iowa
ENGLISH, JAMES THOMAS, A. B. 1916 (Ln3)	Omaha
EVEREST, GEORGE FOLSOM (L1)	Council Bluffs, Iowa
GILLER, ROY WILLIAM (Lsp1)	St. Joseph, Missouri
GOLDBERG, RALPH DEWEY (L1)	Omaha
GRAHAM, MRS. ARTHUR F. (Lnsp1)	Omaha
HALEY, JAMES EDWARD, (L2)	Dixon, Illinois
HANNON, EDWARD FRANCIS (L1)	Shelton, Nebraska
HEAFEY, CORNELIUS PATRICK (Lsp1)	Omaha
HEUERTZ, AUGUST WILLIAM (Lnsp2)	Bancroft, Iowa
HILL, ROSCOE ARTRUR (Lnsp3)	Council Bluffs, Iowa
HIMSTEAD, RALPH EBNER (Lnpt1)	Champaign, Illinois
IBSON, JOHN LARS (Ln4)	Central City, Nebraska
JONES, EDWARD AUSTIN (L2)	Dixon, Illinois
KEANE, IGNATIUS JAMES (Lnsp1)	Omaha
KEANE, JOHN LAWRENCE (L1)	Cascade, Iowa
KLASEUS, JOHN RUSSELL (L2)	Kasota, Minnesota
KLAVER, SAMUEL (Lnsp1)	Omaha
KLEMM, WILLIAM JOSEPH (Lsp1)	Exeter, Nebraska
KROHL, CARL WILLIAM (Lnsp1)	Centralia, Illinois
KUDRNA, JAMES LEO (L2)	Wahoo, Nebraska
LaPORTE, ROMEO JOSEPH, A. B. 1914 (Ln3)	Omaha
LaVIOLETTE, GERALD EDWARD, A. B. 1916 (L3)	North Bend, Nebraska
*LOREE, ROBERT HIRAM, A. B. (Earlham) (L1)	Rockford, Ohio
LYNCH, FRED AMBROSE (Lnsp4)	Platte, South Dakota
McCAFFREY, EDWARD HUGH, A. B. 1916 (L2)	Omaha
McDERMOTT, EDWARD KERR, A. B. 1914 (Ln2)	Council Bluffs, Iowa
McDERMOTT, JOHN RAYMOND, A. B. 1914 (Ln2)	Council Bluffs, Iowa
MADSEN, GLENN PETER (Lsp1)	Benson, Nebraska
MAHONEY, EUGENE CHARLES (L1)	Howard, South Dakota
MEHRENS, EDWARD FRANCIS (Lsp1)	Omaha
MOONAN, RAYMOND GERALD (Lsp2)	Waseca, Minnesota

\*Deceased.



MOORE, JOHN PATRICK, JR. A. B. 1914 (Ln4)	Omaha
MOREARTY, MILTON ROBERT (Lsp1)	Omaha
MORGAN, WADE GARLAND (Lnsp1)	Omaha
MOYLAN, JULIA MARY (Lnsp2)	Omaha
MULLEN, WILLIAM PATRICK (L2)	Shelton, Nebraska
NAUGHTON, DENIS FRANCIS (L3)	Butte, Montana
NEWBERRY, NORMAN MARTIN (Lsp1r1)	Alliance, Nebraska
NORMAN, RALPH WALDO (L3)	Ord, Nebraska
O'BRIEN, DENNIS EMMETT (Lnsp3)	Omaha
OHMAN, HOWARD ELMER (Lsp1)	Omaha
PARKS, JAMES FRANCIS (Lsp1)	Omaha
PLUNKETT, EDWARD JAMES, A. B. 1914, (L4)	Omaha
POUND, JAY AMBROSE (Lnsp1)	Omaha
POWELL, THOMAS WATKIN (LPG)	Omaha
POWERS, JOSEPH FRANCIS (Lnsp3)	Omaha
PTACHEK, JOSEPH LEOPOLD (Lnsp1)	Omaha
REEKER, ERNEST LEONARD (L2)	Meadow Grove, Nebraska
REZAC, ANTON ALOIS (L3)	Brainard, Nebraska
RICE, LAWRENCE WALLACE (L1)	Valentine, Nebraska
ROMIG, PENROSE EDWIN (L2)	Alliance, Nebraska
SCHLANK, LEON R. (Lsp1)	Omaha
SETZER, JOHN WING (Lsp1)	Neligh, Nebraska
SIEBECKER, WILLIAM JACKSON (Lsp2)	Council Bluffs, Iowa
SKRIVER, ZELETH HANS (Lsp1)	Omaha
SOWARD, CECIL VICTOR (Lsp1)	Albion, Nebraska
SPITTLER, VICTOR ERNEST (L2)	Ewing, Nebraska
STALMASTER, IRVIN ARVER (Lnsp1)	Omaha
STECKER, MILDRED EMMELINE (Lnsp3)	Omaha
STEFFEN, OTTO JOSEPH (Lnsp1)	Omaha
STUCKEY, JOSEPH ALOYSIUS (L3)	Broken Bow, Nebraska
SULLIVAN, DANIEL TIMOTHY, A. B. (St. Viator's) (L2)	Council Bluffs, Iowa
TAYLOR, CARL ADELBERT (Lnsp2)	Council Bluffs, Iowa
TRIHJ, JAMES CLANCY (Lsp1)	Gretna, Nebraska
TURNER, FRANK FENTON (Lnsp2)	Omaha
WALSH, CLARENCE EDWARD (Ln4)	Omaha
WHARTON, WALTER MARK (Lnsp1)	Omaha
ZABRISKIE, EDGAR BALCH, B. of E. E. (Michigan) (L3)	Omaha

#### RECAPITULATION

Freshman Day	31
Junior Day	14
Senior Day	11
Freshman Night	14
Sophomore Night	7
Junior Night	9
Senior Night	6
Postgraduate	1
Total	93





For further information concerning the College of Law, address  
The Dean, 210 South 18th Street, Omaha, Nebraska.

For information concerning the other Colleges of the University,  
address

The Dean, Creighton College of Arts, 25th and California Sts.

The Dean, Creighton College of Dentistry, 210 South 18th St.

The Dean, The Creighton University High School, 25th and California Sts.

The Dean, Creighton College of Medicine, 14th and Davenport Sts.

The Dean, Creighton College of Pharmacy, 14th and Davenport Sts.

The Dean, Creighton Summer Session, 210 South 18th St.